Entire Connection

Overview of Object Properties Version 4.3.2



This document applies to Entire Connection Version 4.3.2 and to all subsequent releases.
Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.
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Table of Contents

Overview of Object Properties															. 1
Overview of Object Properties															. 1
System Preferences															. 2
•															. 2
General															. 2
Procedure															. 3
Emulation															. 5
Users															. <i>6</i>
Users															
Parameters 1	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	. 6
Parameters 2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 8
Procedure	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 10
Menu	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 13
Printer Fonts	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 14
User Groups	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 15
User Groups			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 15
•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 15
Granting Group Access to Ob		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 17
Menus			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 18
Menus	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 18
Tasks	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 20
Tasks	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 20
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 20 . 22
Application Task				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Example of an Application	. Task	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 24
DOS Task	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 25
Software AG Task	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 26
Task Parameters	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 28
Specific Parameters .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 28
Substitutable Parameters	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 28
Parameter Substitution .		•	•					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 29
Example 1: No Substitutab									•	•	•	•	•	•	. 30
Example 2: Substitutable F									•	•	•	•	•	•	. 31
Example 3: Prompt Text an									•	•	•	•	•	•	. 32
Example 4: Prompt Text at															
Session Properties															. 34
Session Properties															. 34
General															. 35
Display (for all Session Type		•				•	_								. 37
Display (for VT Types) .													•	•	. 38
Display (for BS2000 Types)													•	•	. 39
Terminal (for all Session Typ		_													. 40
Terminal (for VT Types) .															. 42
Data Transfer															. 44
Procedure															. 48
National															. 50
Test															. 52
Printer LU															. 54

Communication Parameters	•									55
Communication Parameters										55
TN3270(E) for Display S	ession	ıs								56
TN3270E for Printer Sess	sions									59
Telnet VTxxx										6 0
BS2000										61
BS2000 TCP/IP										62
HLLAPI										64
Serial, SAG-NPA										66
Serial, VTxxx										68
NetWare for SAA .										69
Microsoft SNA Server .										71
VT100 ProtConverter										72
Communication .										72
VT100										73
Color Schemes										75
Color Schemes										75
VT Color Scheme										76
Mainframe Color Scheme	e .									78
Fonts										80
Fonts										80
Key Schemes										81
Key Schemes										81
Defining a Key Scheme										81
Writing the Key Definition	ns to	a F	ile							83
Terminal Emulation Keys	S .									84
Terminal Function Key	/S .									84
Physical Function Keys	s .									86
Processing of Keyboard I	nput									89
BS2000 P-Key Schemes .										90
BS2000 P-Key Schemes .										90
Host Printer Sessions										92
Host Printer Sessions .										92
General										93
Printer LU										95
National										98
Test										99
Tables										100
Tables										100
Translation Tables .										100
Physical Keyboard Tables	s.									101
Terminal Function Code	Table	s								102

Overview of Object Properties

All object types are available from the Configuration Manager. If you are not an administrator, the allowed object types depend on the user group you belong to.

The following topics describe the object-specific dialog boxes.

- System Preferences (available to the administrator only)
- Users
- User Groups (available to the administrator only)
- Menus
- Tasks
- Session Properties (for host sessions)
- Communication Parameters (for host sessions and host printer sessions)
- Color Schemes
- Fonts
- Key Schemes
- BS2000 P-Key Schemes
- Most Printer Sessions (available to the administrator only)
- Tables (available to the administrator only)

For general information on the above listed object types, see About the Object Types in the Configuration Manager section.

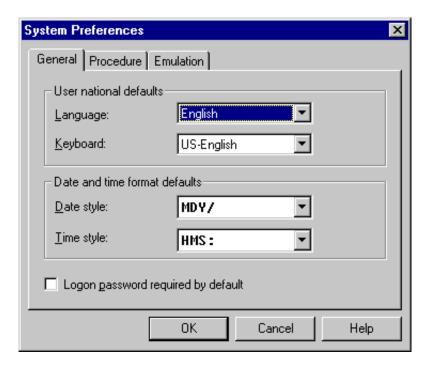
System Preferences

The "System Preferences" dialog box provides the following property pages:

- General
- Procedure
- Emulation

This dialog box is only available to the administrator.

General



Language

Select the default language in which the user interface is to be displayed. The drop-down list box contains all languages that are available at your installation. This default is used in the user properties.

Keyboard

Select the default keyboard table. The drop-down list box contains all national keyboards that are available at your installation. This default is used in the user properties.

Date style

Select a default date format to be used throughout Entire Connection. This default is used in the user properties.

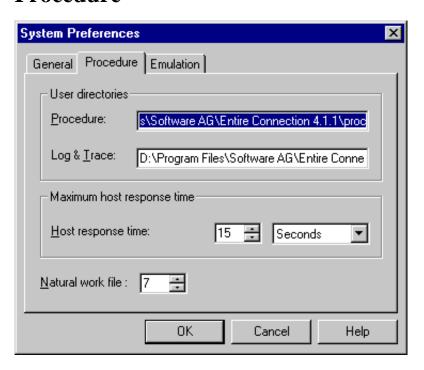
Time style

Select a default time format to be used throughout Entire Connection. This default is used in the user properties. The delimiter character A in HMSA means that the time is shown in the AM/PM format (e.g. 01:30 PM).

Logon password required by default

If this check box is marked, the password must be supplied at logon. This default is used in the user properties.

Procedure



Procedure

This parameter specifies the directory where Entire Connection can locate the procedure files if they cannot be found in the current directory. Any drive and path are valid. The default is set at installation time. This parameter sets a default that is used in the user properties.

Log & Trace

This parameter specifies the directory to which Entire Connection writes log and trace files. The default is set at installation time. This parameter sets a default that is used in the user properties

Host response time

This parameter specifies the length of time Entire Connection will wait for a host response before canceling the processing of a procedure file. You can either specify seconds or minutes. Select the desired unit from the corresponding drop-down list box. This default is used in the session properties.

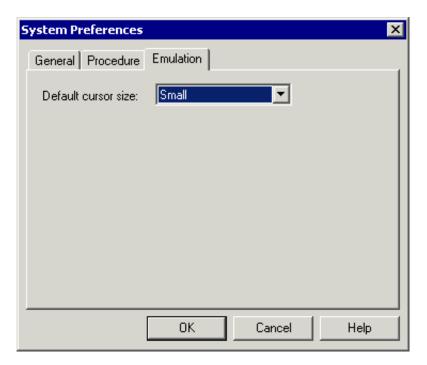
Natural work file

Using this parameter you specify the value of the NATFILE variable. This variable can be used in a procedure file. Valid input is any integer from 1 through 32. This default is used in the session properties.

For example, this parameter indicates the work file number used in the procedure file for the following modules (see also Transferring Natural Objects):

- SAR (Send and Run),
- USOURCB, USOURCE, USOURCT (Upload Source),
- DSOURCB, DSOURCE (Download Source),
- UOBJECT (Upload Object),
- DOBJECT (Download Object),
- UDDMB (Upload DDM),
- DDDMB, DDM (Download DDM), and
- for new INPL modules.

Emulation



Default cursor size

Select the default cursor size from this drop-down list box. This default is used in the user properties. This parameter applies only to Entire Connection and does not affect other Windows applications.

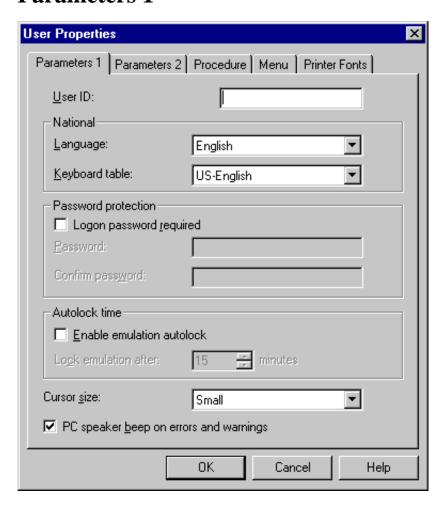
This specification has no effect on the cursor size if the INS key is pressed. In insert mode, the cursor is always shown as a large block.

Users

The "User Properties" dialog box provides the following property pages:

- Parameters 1
- Parameters 2
- Procedure
- Menu
- Printer Fonts

Parameters 1



User ID

A user ID can be up to 16 alphanumeric characters long and may contain blanks. It must not already exist. This can only be specified when adding a new user. Later, this text box cannot be modified.

Language

From this drop-down list box, select the language in which the user interface is to be displayed. The user interface of an Entire Connection application (e.g. Configuration Manager or Terminal) is not shown in the selected language until you quit this application and start it once more. The default is set in the system preferences.

Keyboard table

From this drop-down list box, select the national keyboard to be used. The default is set in the system preferences.

Logon password required

If this check box is marked, the password must be supplied at logon. The default is set in the system preferences.

Password

The password ensures the security of the user's Entire Connection environment. It consists of 1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. It is used in the logon procedure to Entire Connection. In a procedure file, the variable *PASSWORD refers to the current password.

Confirm password

Repeat the password in this text box to confirm it.

Enable emulation autolock

Mark this check box to enable the autolock feature.

Lock emulation after

Specify the length of time, in minutes, that the terminal application can be inactive before the session is locked. Valid input is any integer from 1 through 60.

When the session is locked, "locked" appears in the title bar of the terminal application. If you choose **Lock/Unlock Session** from the **Utilities** menu, the "Entire Connection Logon" dialog box appears. To unlock your session, enter your password, if required, and choose the **OK** button.

Cursor size

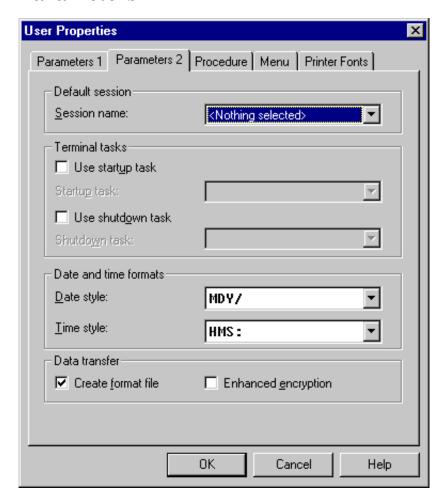
Select the cursor size from this drop-down list box. This parameter applies only to Entire Connection and does not affect other Windows applications. The default is set in the system preferences.

This has no effect on the cursor size if the INS key is pressed. In insert mode, the cursor is always shown as a large block.

PC speaker beep on errors and warnings

When this check box is marked, the PC speaker beeps when an error occurs or when a warning is issued.

Parameters 2



Session name

From this drop-down list box, select the default host session. This session name is then automatically highlighted in the "Open Session" dialog box.

In a procedure file, the default session is opened whenever a statement accessing a session is encountered but there is no open session. This allows existing procedures to be used without code change.

Use startup task

Mark this check box, if you want to use a startup task.

Startup task

From this drop-down list box, select the task to be executed immediately after you log on to the terminal application. This drop-down list box contains a list of all defined tasks (except Software AG tasks).

Use shutdown task

Mark this check box, if you want to use a shutdown task.

Shutdown task

From this drop-down list box, select the task to be executed when the last terminal application is closed. This drop-down list box contains a list of all defined tasks (except Software AG tasks).

Date style

From this drop-down list box, select the date format to be used throughout Entire Connection. The default is set in the system preferences.

Time style

From this drop-down list box, select the date format to be used throughout Entire Connection. The default is set in the system preferences. The delimiter character A in HMSA means that the time is shown in the AM/PM format (e.g. 01:30 PM).

Create format file

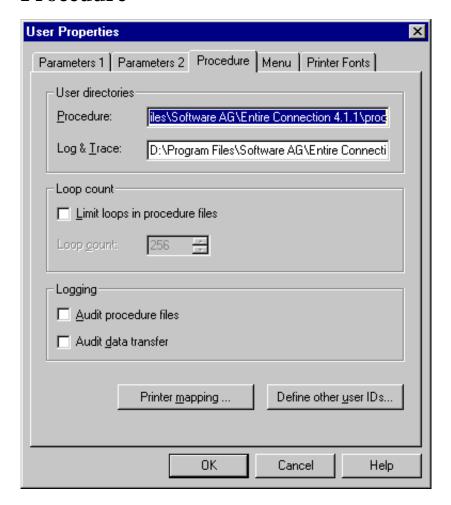
If this check box is marked, Entire Connection creates a format file (extension "ncf") whenever you download data from the host.

A format file contains a format description of the transferred data. In addition, it contains information such as the number of records sent, name of the Natural program, name of the Natural library, host user ID and data format. This information is useful if you plan to convert data using the Format Converter.

Enhanced encryption

If this check box is marked, the user is prompted for an encryption key when downloading and uploading files. The key is not stored anywhere, so the user must remember it.

Procedure



Procedure

This is the directory where Entire Connection can locate the procedure files if they cannot be found in the current directory. Any drive and path are valid. The default is set in the system preferences.

Log & Trace

This is the directory to which Entire Connection writes log and trace files. The default is set in the system preferences.

Limit loops in procedure files

Mark this check box, if you want to limit the number of loops in a procedure file.

Loop count

This parameter specifies the number of times a jump statement can be executed in a procedure file. It is used to avoid endless processing loops. Valid input is from 1 to 32767.

Audit procedure files

If this check box is marked, Entire Connection writes information about all executed procedure file statements to a log file in the log/trace directory. The log file contains each statement and the time at which it was executed. This is useful for debugging procedure files.

The name of the log file is *username*.log. If the log file does not yet exist, it is created. Otherwise, statement execution information is appended to an existing log file.

Audit data transfer

If this check box is marked, Entire Connection writes data transfer information to a log file in the log/trace directory. The log file contains information such as the number of records sent, host user ID, data format, start time, status, etc.

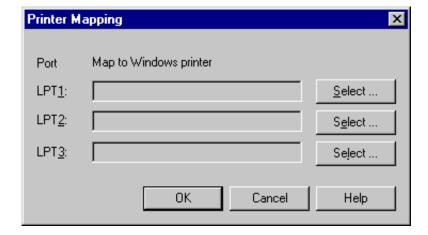
The name of the log file is *username*.log. If the log file does not yet exist, it is created. Otherwise, data transfer information is appended to an existing log file.

Printer mapping

When you choose this command button, the "Printer Mapping" dialog box appears. You can now choose one of the **Select** buttons to select a defined Windows printer from a list. This mapping corresponds to the following command:

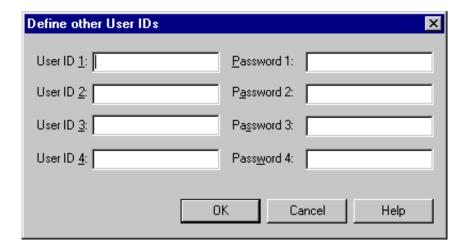
```
SET PCFILE x DOWN DATA LPTn
```

where *x* is a valid work file number between 1 and 32, and *n* is a number between 1 and 3. The download is then performed on the corresponding printer.



Define other user IDs

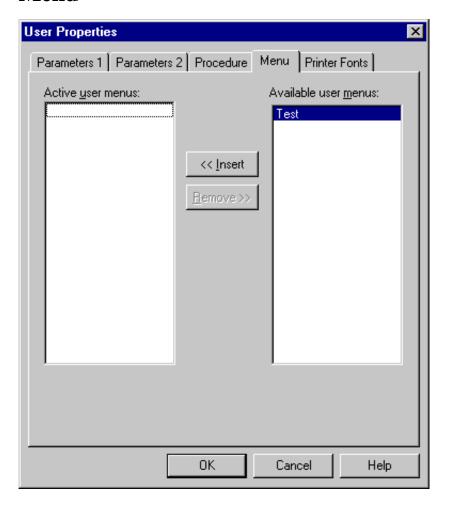
When you choose this command button, the "Define other User IDs" dialog box appears.



These user IDs are especially useful in logon sequences that require logging on to several different host systems. You can either leave these text boxes empty or fill them with user IDs and passwords. Each user ID or password consists of 1 to 16 alphanumeric characters. User IDs and passwords are not case-sensitive. They can contain embedded blanks.

You use these parameters in procedure files where you can reference them as *USERID1, *USERID2, etc. and *PASSWORD1, *PASSWORD2, etc. See also Dynamic Variables.

Menu



You can make up to 5 user menus available to a user. The menus will be displayed in the menu bar of the terminal application the next time the user logs on.

See the section Menus for information on how to create a user menu.

To activate a menu for the user

• Double-click the menu in the "Available user menus" list box.

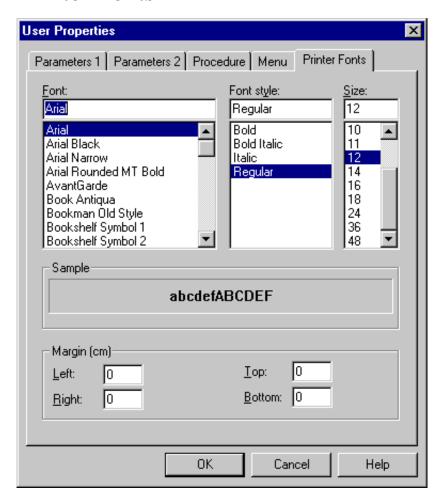
Or select the menu in the "Available user menus" list box and choose the **Insert** button.

To deactivate a menu for the user

• Double-click the menu in the "Active user menus" list box.

Or select the menu in the "Active user menus" list box and choose the **Remove** button.

Printer Fonts



You can define the font, font style and font size to be used for all printouts (for example, when downloading to a printer).

You can set the left, right, top and bottom margins for the printout. The margin determines the distance in centimeters from the paper edge.

To modify the font and margins for printouts

- Select the desired font in the "Font" list box.
 The styles and sizes available for the font you have chosen are shown in the "Font style" and "Size" list boxes.
- 2. Select the desired style.
- 3. Select the desired size.
- 4. In the text boxes, specify the desired centimeter values for the margins.
- 5. Choose the **OK** button.

See also the description of the system variable PRINTOPTION.

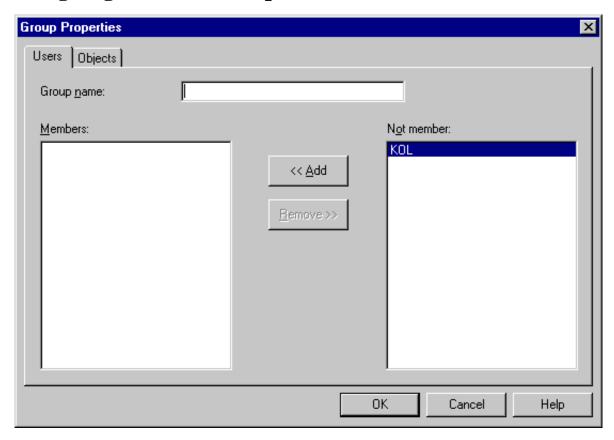
User Groups

The "Group Properties" dialog box provides property pages for the following:

- Assigning Users to Groups
- Granting Group Access to Objects

This dialog box is only available to the administrator.

Assigning Users to Groups



When you create a new user group, specify a name in the "Group name" text box. The name can be up to 32 characters long and may contain blanks. When you modify a user group, this text box cannot be modified.

The "Members" list box shows a list of all members of this group. The "Not member" list box shows a list of all other defined Entire Connection users.

To define a user as a member of a group

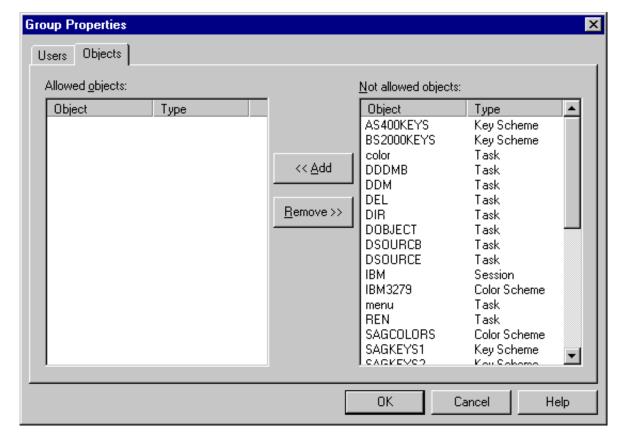
• Double-click the user in the "Not member" list box.

Or select the user in the "Not member" list box and choose the **Add** button.

To remove a member from a group

• Double-click the user in the "Members" list box.
Or select the user in the "Members" list box and choose the **Remove** button.

Granting Group Access to Objects



The "Allowed objects" list box shows a list of all objects which the group is allowed to access. The "Not allowed objects" list box shows a list of defined objects.

The allowed objects can be of the following object types:

- Menu
- Task
- Session
- Color scheme
- Key scheme

To allow an object for a group

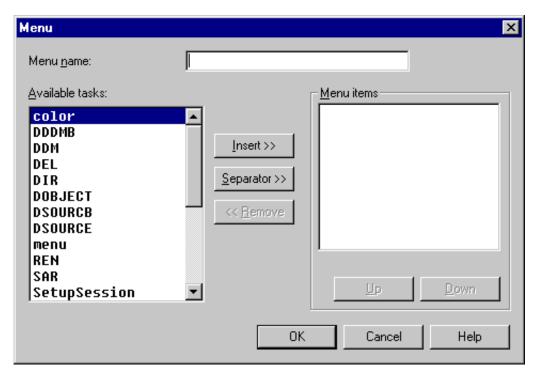
• Select the object(s) in the "Not allowed objects" list box and choose the **Add** button.

To disallow an object for a group

• Select the object(s) in the "Allowed objects" list box and choose the **Remove** button.

Menus

The "Menu" dialog box lets you define the user menus that are to appear in the menu bar of the terminal application. It shows a list of all available tasks.



You can make up to 5 user menus available to a user. Each user menu may contain up to 20 menu items (tasks).

The following buttons are provided (in addition to the standard buttons):

Insert	Insert the selected task as a command in the menu.
Separator	Insert a separating line below the highlighted menu item.
Remove	Remove the selected menu item.
Up	Move the selected menu item up.
Down	Move the selected menu item down.

To define a user menu

- 1. When you create a new menu, specify a name in the "Menu name" text box.

 The name can be up to 32 characters long and must not contain blanks. When you modify a menu, this text box cannot be modified.
- 2. In the "Available tasks" list box, double-click the task you wish to include in the menu. Or select the task and choose the **Insert** button.

 The selected task appears in the "Menu items" list box. When this list box contains more than one item, the new task is inserted below the highlighted menu item.
- 3. Optionally, choose the **Separator** button to insert a separating line below the highlighted menu item.
- 4. Optionally, choose the **Up** or **Down** button to move the selected menu item.
- 5. Optionally, double-click a menu item to remove it from the menu. Or select the menu item and choose the **Remove** button.
- 6. Repeat the above steps until all required tasks are defined as menu commands.
- 7. Choose the **OK** button.

After having defined a user menu, the administrator can modify the group properties and add the user menu to the list of allowed objects. The administrator can then modify the user properties to specify which user menus are to be available to a specific user. The user menu will be shown in the menu bar the next time this user starts the terminal application.

A general user only has to define the user menu in the user properties.

Tasks

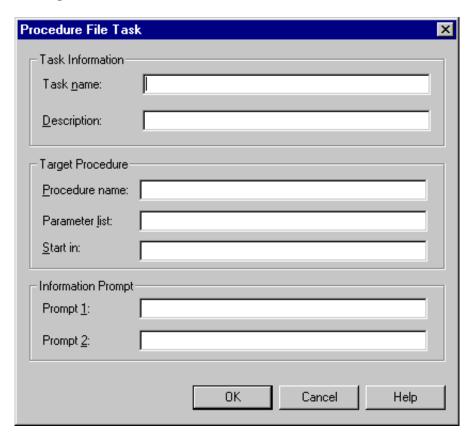
This section provides the following information:

- Procedure File Task
- Application Task
- DOS Task
- Software AG Task
- Task Parameters
- Parameter Substitution

Procedure File Task

This type of task executes a file written in the Entire Connection procedure file language. As a rule, a procedure file has the extension "ncp". For example:

Sar.ncp



Task name

The name can be up to 32 characters long and must not contain blanks. It can only be specified when adding a new task. Later, this text box cannot be modified.

Description

Enter up to 62 characters of descriptive text for a procedure file task. The description is displayed in the task list (i.e. the "Select Task or Procedure" dialog box of the terminal application).

Procedure name

Enter the name of the procedure file to be executed by this task. Entire Connection searches for the procedure file in the following order:

- specified path name,
- current directory,
- procedure directory specified in the user properties.

Parameter list

Enter the parameters to be passed to the procedure file at execution time. You may also use parameter substitution here. A maximum of 9 parameters is permitted. You can use the same parameters as for a DOS batch file.

Start in

Enter the name of the directory to which Entire Connection will change before executing the specified procedure file. Entire Connection will not change back to the original directory after the procedure file has been processed.

Prompt 1

Enter one line of text to be displayed to prompt for extra information when the task is executed. For example: "Enter name of file to be deleted".

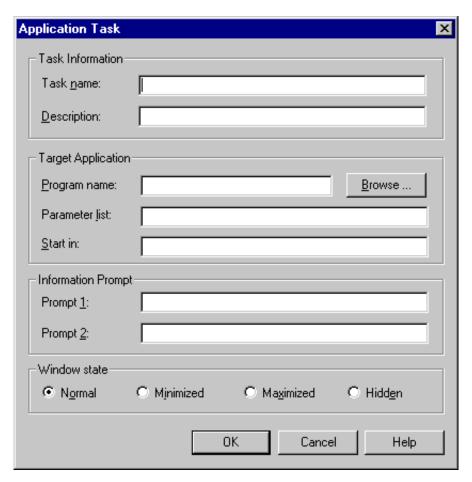
Prompt 2

Enter one line of text - in addition to the text entered in the "Prompt 1" text box. This text is displayed below the prompt 1 text in the same dialog box.

Application Task

This type of task executes a DOS program or Windows application that has been specified by the user (e.g. Word or Excel). Such an application has the extension "exe" or "com". For example:

Notepad.exe



Task name

The name can be up to 32 characters long and must not contain blanks. It can only be specified when adding a new task. Later, this text box cannot be modified.

Description

Enter up to 62 characters of descriptive text for an application task. The description is displayed in the task list (i.e. the "Select Task or Procedure" dialog box of the terminal application).

Program name

Enter the name of the program that is to be executed with this task. The program must have the extension "exe" or "com". You can also choose the "Browse" button to select the program from a dialog box.

Parameter list

Enter the parameters to be passed to the program at execution time. You may also use parameter substitution here. A maximum of 9 parameters is permitted. You can use the same parameters as for a DOS batch file.

Start in

Enter the name of the directory to which Entire Connection will change before executing the specified program. Entire Connection will not change back to the original directory after the program has been processed.

Prompt 1

Enter one line of text to be displayed to prompt for extra information when the task is executed. For example: "Enter name of file to be deleted".

Prompt 2

Enter one line of text - in addition to the text entered in the "Prompt 1" text box. This text is displayed below the prompt 1 text in the same dialog box.

Window State

Select one of the following option buttons:

Normal

The task is started in a normal window.

Minimized

The task is started in a minimized window.

Maximized

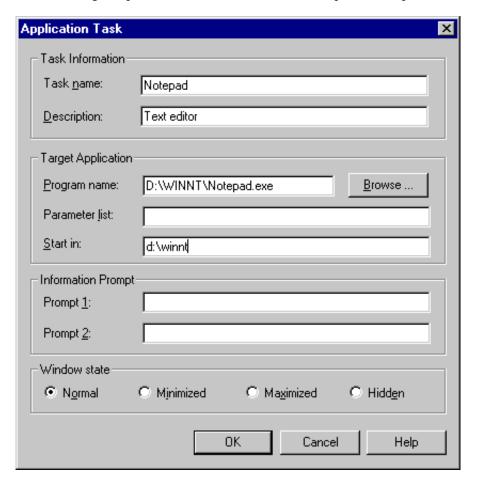
The task is started in a maximized window.

• Hidden

The task is not displayed during execution.

Example of an Application Task

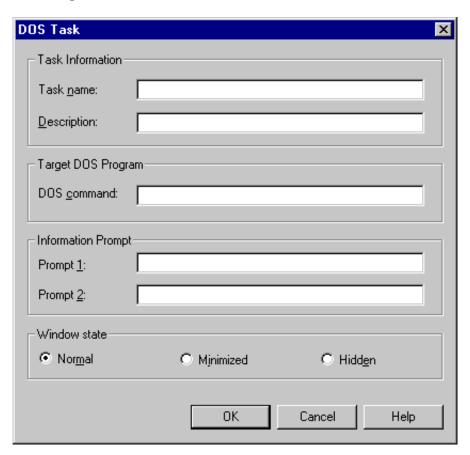
The following sample task invokes the Windows Notepad from a procedure file:



DOS Task

This type of task executes a DOS command (e.g. DIR or COPY) or DOS batch file (extension "bat"). For example:

DIR *.ncp



Task name

The name can be up to 32 characters long and must not contain blanks. It can only be specified when adding a new task. Later, this text box cannot be modified.

Description

Enter up to 62 characters of descriptive text for a DOS task. The description is displayed in the task list (i.e. the "Select Task or Procedure" dialog box of the terminal application).

DOS command

Enter the DOS command to be executed by the DOS task. This can also be the name of a batch file. You can include task parameters.

Prompt 1

Enter one line of text to be displayed to prompt for extra information when the task is executed. For example: "Enter name of file to be deleted".

Prompt 2

Enter one line of text - in addition to the text entered in the "Prompt 1" text box. This text is displayed below the prompt 1 text in the same dialog box.

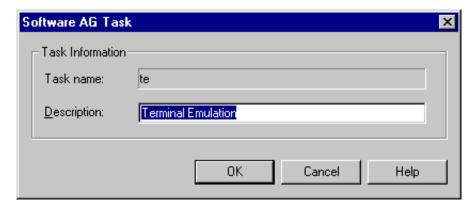
Window State

Select one of the following option buttons:

- Normal
 - The task is started in a normal window.
- Minimized
 - The task is started in a minimized window.
- Hidden
 - The task is not displayed during execution.

Software AG Task

Software AG tasks are supplied with Entire Connection and can only be seen by the administrator. The administrator can only modify the description of a Software AG task.



Most Software AG tasks enable the administrator to restrict user rights using the group concept. For example, when the administrator disallows the task CmdLine for a group, the users defined for this group cannot use the command line (it appears dimmed). See the section User Groups for further information.

The following table lists all Software AG tasks:

Software AG Task	Affects	Restriction when this task is not allowed
CmdLine	Terminal	The command line is dimmed. In the View > Toolbars menu, Command Line is dimmed.
color	Terminal, Configuration Manager	Terminal: in the Session menu, Color is dimmed. The corresponding toolbar button is also dimmed. Configuration Manager: the object type Color Schemes is not shown in the tree structure.
ConfigManager		Currently not implemented.
Debug	Terminal	In the "Select Task or Procedure" dialog box (task list) in the list of available procedure files, the Debug button is dimmed. Thus, the user cannot debug a procedure file.
font	Terminal	In the Session menu, Font is dimmed. The corresponding toolbar button is also dimmed.
keypad	Terminal	In the View > Keypad menu, all keypad names are dimmed.
menu	Configuration Manager	The object type Menus is not shown in the tree structure.
SessionSetup	Configuration Manager	The object type Host Sessions is not shown in the tree structure.
task	Configuration Manager	The object type Tasks is not shown in the tree structure.
Tasklist	Terminal	In the Utilities menu, Task List is dimmed. The corresponding toolbar button is also dimmed.
te		Opens the default session. It can be used, for example, as a startup task. This task does not restrict user rights.
tekey	Configuration Manager	The object type Key Schemes is not shown in the tree structure.
ua	Terminal	In the Utilities menu, Unattended Workstation is dimmed. This task can also be defined as a start parameter for Pccterminal.exe, if the unattended workstation is to be started automatically when the terminal application is started.
uid	Configuration Manager	The object type Users is not shown in the tree structure.

Task Parameters

You can send a maximum of 9 parameters to an Entire Connection task. These parameters can be a mixture of the following:

- specific parameters,
- substitutable parameters.

Specific Parameters

A specific parameter specifies the actual data to be sent to the task. For example:

```
DIR *.ncp
```

In this example, *.ncp is a specific parameter. This DOS task lists all files with the extension "ncp" in the current directory.

Using parameter substitution, specific parameters can be overridden at execution time.

Substitutable Parameters

A substitutable parameter is replaced at execution time by the data entered in the command line or in a dialog box. These parameters are represented by a number from 1 through 9 preceded by a percent sign. For example:

```
DIR %1
```

In this example, you can specify a parameter value when invoking the DOS task. This value substitutes %1 at execution time.

Parameter Substitution

Task parameters defined in procedure file, application or DOS tasks are substituted or overridden at execution time as follows:

- If no substitutable parameters are defined in the task, any parameters entered in the command line are passed to the task and override the defined command.
- If substitutable parameters are defined in the task, any parameters entered in the command line are passed to the task and replace the substitutable parameters in sequence as follows:
 - If the substitutable parameter(s) can be filled in with text entered in the command line, Entire Connection makes the substitution.
 - O If the substitutable parameter(s) cannot be filled in with text entered in the command line and there is prompt text available in the task definition, Entire Connection fills in the remaining substitutable parameters with text entered at the prompt.
 - If the substitutable parameter(s) cannot be filled in with text from the command line or prompt, Entire Connection proceeds with the execution of the command, program or procedure file without sending the entire list of parameters.

The following examples are provided below:

- Example 1: No Substitutable Parameters and No Prompt Text
- Example 2: Substitutable Parameters and No Prompt Text
- Example 3: Prompt Text and No Substitutable Parameters
- Example 4: Prompt Text and Substitutable Parameters

Example 1: No Substitutable Parameters and No Prompt Text

A DOS task named PRINTME has the "DOS command" text box filled in as follows:

```
PRINT *.ncf *.ncd
```

The following examples illustrate the various ways of executing this task.

• Only the task name is provided:

PRINTME

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT *.ncf *.ncd. All files with the extensions "ncf" and "ncd" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and one parameter are provided:

PRINTME *.ncp

The parameter entered after the task name completely replaces the parameters in the task definition. Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command *.ncp. As a result, a DOS error message appears, indicating an incorrect command or file name.

• The task name and two parameters are provided:

PRINTME DIR *.ncp

The parameters entered after the name of the task completely replace the parameters in the task definition.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command DIR *.ncp. All files with the extension "ncp" are listed.

Example 2: Substitutable Parameters and No Prompt Text

A task named PRINT4 has the "DOS command" text box filled in as follows:

```
PRINT %1 *.ncf %2 %3
```

The following examples illustrate the various ways of executing this task.

• Only the task name is provided:

PRINT4

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT *.ncf. All files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and three parameters are provided:

PRINT4 File1.ext File2.ext File3.ext

The substitutable parameters are replaced with the text entered in the command line.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf File2.ext File3.ext. The files File1.ext, File3.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and only one parameter are provided:

PRINT4 File1.ext

The substitutable parameter is replaced with the text entered in the command line. However, since only one parameter was provided, only the first substitutable parameter is replaced. Entire Connection continues with the execution of the task even though the remaining two substitutable parameters do not have values.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf. The file File1.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and one parameter too much are provided:

PRINT4 File1.ext File2.ext File3.ext File4.ext

The substitutable parameters are replaced with the text entered in the command line. However, since more parameters were provided than there are substitutable parameters, Entire Connection discards any extra parameters entered.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf File2.ext File3.ext. The files File1.ext, File3.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

Example 3: Prompt Text and No Substitutable Parameters

A task named PRINT2 has the "DOS command" text box and the "Prompt 1" text box filled in as follows:

```
PRINT *.ncf *.ncd
Modify the parameters or press ENTER.
```

The following examples illustrate the various ways of executing this task.

• Only the task name is provided:

PRINT2

Because prompt text is available and there are no substitutable parameters, Entire Connection assumes that you want to modify the parameters before executing the PRINT command. Entire Connection displays a dialog box in which the command and its default parameters are provided. You can now modify the parameters. Instead of modifying, you can also press ENTER so that Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT *.ncf *.ncd and thus sends all files with extensions "ncf" and "ncd" to the printer.

• The task name and one parameter are provided:

```
PRINT2 *.ncp
```

The parameter provided behind the task name completely replaces the parameters in the task description. Since a replacement parameter was provided, any prompt text is ignored. A dialog box is not shown.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command *.ncp. As a result, a DOS error message appears, indicating an incorrect command or file name.

• The task name and two parameters are provided:

```
PRINT2 DIR *.ncp
```

The parameters provided behind the task name completely replace the parameters in the task definition and cause the prompt text to be ignored. A dialog box is not shown.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command DIR *.ncp. All files with the extension "ncp" are listed.

Example 4: Prompt Text and Substitutable Parameters

A task named PRINT3 has the "DOS command" text box and the "Prompt 1" text box filled in as follows:

```
PRINT %1 *.ncf %2
Enter the names of 2 files to be printed.
```

The following examples illustrate the various ways of executing this task.

• Only the task name is provided:

PRINT3

Since there are substitutable parameters, but no parameters have been supplied and prompt text is available, Entire Connection displays a dialog box. This enables you to enter the names of the files, other than "*.ncf" files, that you want to have printed:

- If you do not enter any names, Entire Connection sends only the files with the extension "ncf" to the printer.
- If you enter two names, Entire Connection sends those files and all files with the extension "ncf" to the printer.
- If you enter more than two names, Entire Connection sends only the first two files and the files with the extension "ncf" to the printer.
- The task name and two parameters are provided:

```
PRINT3 File1.ext File2.ext
```

Entire Connection fills in the substitutable parameters with the text entered in the command line.

Since parameters were provided after the task name, a dialog box does not appear.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf File2.ext. The files File1.ext, File2.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and one parameter are provided:

```
PRINT3 File1.ext
```

Entire Connection fills in substitutable parameters with the text entered in the command line. In this case, only one parameter has been supplied. Entire Connection continues with the execution of the task even though one of the two substitutable parameters has not been supplied. Since a parameter was provided after the task name, a dialog box does not appear.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf. The file File1.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

• The task name and two parameters too much are provided:

```
PRINT3 File1.ext File2.ext File3.ext File4.ext
```

Entire Connection fills in the substitutable parameters with text entered in the command line. In this case, more parameters have been supplied than there are substitutable parameters to fill. Entire Connection discards any extra parameters. Since parameters were provided after the task name, a dialog box does not appear.

Entire Connection invokes DOS with the command PRINT File1.ext *.ncf File2.ext. The files File1.ext, File2.ext and all files with the extension "ncf" are sent to the printer.

Session Properties

The "Session Properties" dialog box provides the following property pages:

- General
- Display (for all Session Types except VT and BS2000 Types)
- Display (for VT Types)
- Display (for BS2000 Types)
- Terminal (for all Session Types except VT Types)
- Terminal (for VT Types)
- Data Transfer
- Procedure
- National
- Test
- Printer LU

General

Session Properties		x		
General Display Terminal Data transfer Procedure National Test				
Session main parame	ters	,		
Session <u>n</u> ame:		<u>.</u>		
Session type:	TN3270	Communication		
Color				
Color scheme:	SAGCOLORS	Setup Scheme		
Terminal key table				
Key scheme:	SAGKEYS1 🔽	Setup Scheme		
Font:	Courier New (TrueType)	Select <u>F</u> ont		
	ОК	Cancel Help		

Session name

The name can be up to 32 characters long and may contain blanks. It is only possible to specify a session name, when you are currently adding a new session to the share file. Later, this text box does not allow modifications. It is not possible to define identical names for display sessions and printer sessions; an error message will appear in this case.

Session type

Displays the defined session type. To display the "Communication" dialog box for this session type, choose the **Communication** button.

Color scheme

Select the desired color scheme from this drop-down list box. To display the dialog box for the color scheme that is currently selected in this drop-down list box, choose the **Setup Scheme** button next to this drop-down list box.

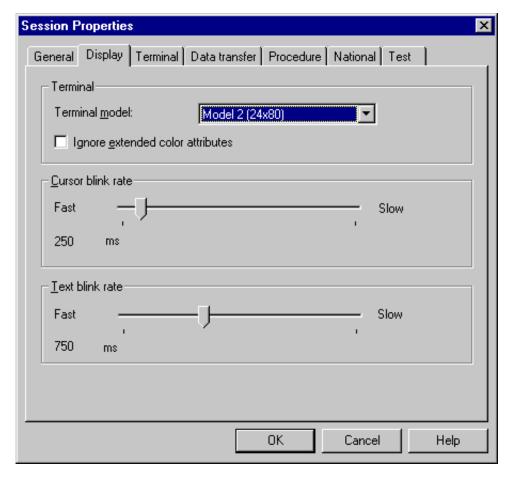
Key scheme

Select the desired key scheme from this drop-down list box. To display the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box for the key scheme that is currently selected in this drop-down list box, choose the **Setup Scheme** button next to this drop-down list box.

Font

Displays the font defined for terminal emulation. To display the "Font" dialog box in which you can define another font, choose the **Select Font** button.

Display (for all Session Types except VT and BS2000 Types)



Terminal model

Select the primary terminal model you want to use from this drop-down list box. The terminal model you want to use must be defined or provided by the host system.

Ignore extended color attributes

If this check box is selected, the extended color attribute bytes sent by the host are ignored. This means that the colors are not taken from the data stream; only the field colors are used for display. Other extended attributes are displayed (e.g. blinking oder underlined).

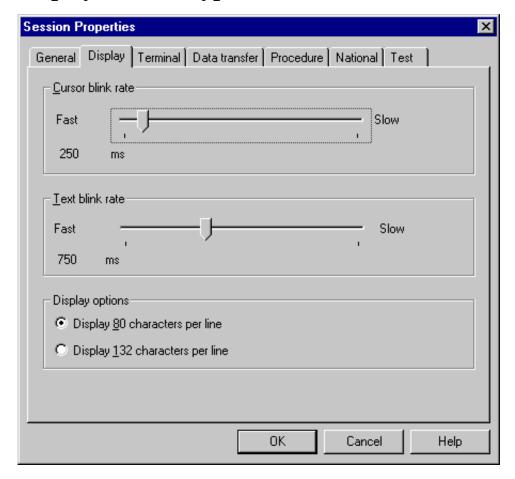
Cursor blink rate

Use the slider to specify the cursor blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

Text blink rate

Use the slider to specify the text blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

Display (for VT Types)



Cursor blink rate

Use the slider to specify the cursor blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

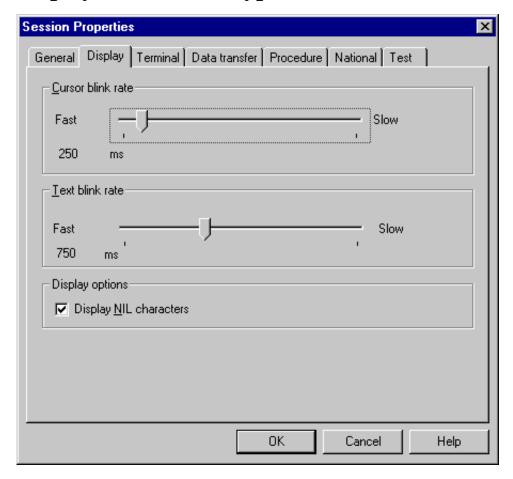
Text blink rate

Use the slider to specify the text blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

Display options

Specify whether 80 or 132 characters are to be displayed per line.

Display (for BS2000 Types)



Cursor blink rate

Use the slider to specify the cursor blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

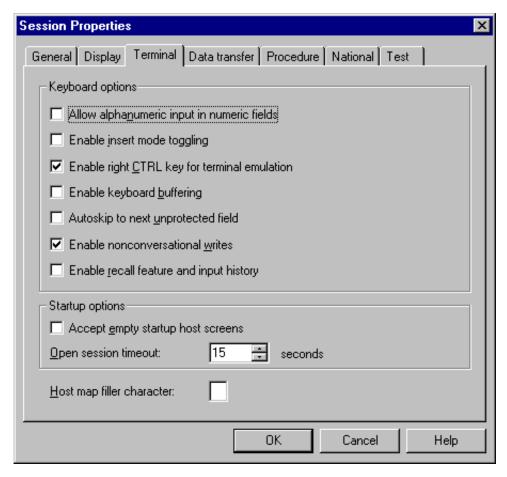
Text blink rate

Use the slider to specify the text blink rate in milliseconds. The currently defined value is shown below the slider.

Display NIL characters

When this check box is selected, the BS2000 NIL characters (dots) are shown instead of blanks.

Terminal (for all Session Types except VT Types)



Allow alphanumeric input in numeric fields

If this check box is selected, you can enter alphanumeric characters in numeric entry fields while in terminal emulation (for example, to enable you to enter plus or minus signs).

Enable insert mode toggling

If this check box is selected, the INSERT key in terminal emulation mode acts like the INS key in other Windows applications (such as Word).

Enable right CTRL key for terminal emulation

If this check box is selected, the right CTRL key on the keyboard is enabled to be a function key. This function key is mapped to the terminal emulation key TE-ENTER which, by default, sends ENTER to the host.

Enable keyboard buffering

If the terminal emulation screen is locked by the host application, this is indicated in the status line (e.g. "X ()") and keyboard input is rejected by Entire Connection. If this check box is selected, keyboard input from the user when the keyboard is locked is buffered by Entire Connection and immediately sent to the host once the keyboard status becomes unlocked.

Autoskip to next unprotected field

When the last possible character has been entered in an unprotected field, further behavior of the cursor depends on the field attribute and this check box. If this check box is selected, the cursor jumps to the next unprotected field. If this check box is not selected, the cursor jumps to the next position or jumps to the next unprotected field if the field contains the skip attribute.

Enable nonconversational writes

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection immediately displays every new screen it receives.

If this check box is not selected, Entire Connection waits for a complete screen from the host and the keyboard unlock condition before displaying a new host screen. This avoids screen flickering. Some host applications, however, send screens to the terminal repetitively or without unlocking the keyboard.

Enable recall feature and input history

If this check box is selected, the following applies:

• Recall feature

Entire Connection stores up to 20 character strings that have been entered by the user. You can recall a previous character string and insert it at the current cursor position, using a terminal emulation key for which the RECALL command has been defined.

• Input history

Entire Connection stores up to 50 user entries. These entries are provided for selection in the input history window which is an element of the Terminal application window. You can then execute a previously entered command once more or insert previously entered text in a field.

Accept empty startup host screens

This option is only available for TN3270, NetWare for SAA and Microsoft SNA Server. Select this check box, if an empty startup screen causes a timeout during the initialization of the session.

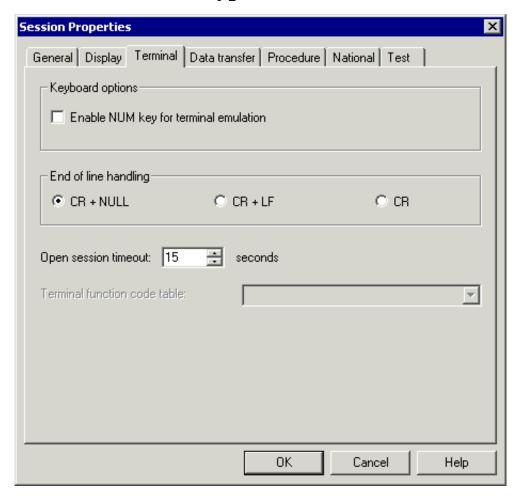
Open session timeout

This parameter specifies the number of seconds Entire Connection will wait while opening a session. When the session cannot be opened after the defined number of seconds, opening will be canceled.

Host map filler character

You can specify the character which is used as a filler character in the host maps. In insert mode, this character is treated like a blank character and is thus moved beyond the end of a field.

Terminal (for VT Types)



Enable NUM key for terminal emulation

If this check box is selected, the NUM key is used as a function key.

End of line handling

Specify the event that is to occur at the end of a line:

- CR and NULL, or
- CR and LF, or
- CR only.

Open session timeout

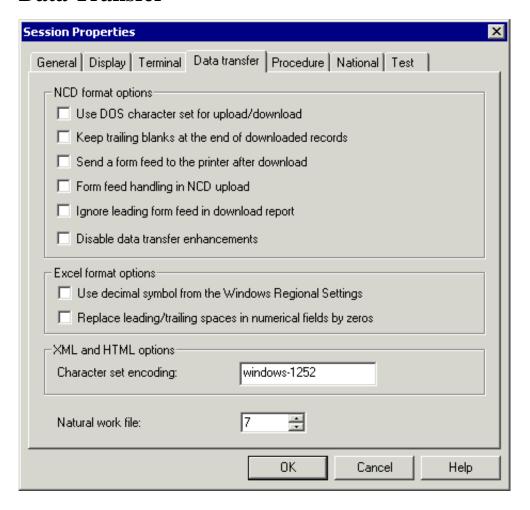
This parameter specifies the number of seconds Entire Connection will wait while opening a session. When the session cannot be opened after the defined number of seconds, opening will be canceled.

Terminal function code table

Optional. This drop-down list box is only available if you have created your own terminal function code table.

To create your own terminal function code table, copy the file Vtxxx.key in the "tables" folder of Entire Connection and give the copy a new name (e.g. Vt_hpux.key). Edit the new file: modify the table name "WiTeKeyTable VTXXX" (e.g. change it to "WiTeKeyTable VT_hpux") and the key definitions. The table name must start with "VT_" and may be up to 32 characters long. Import your terminal function code table using the Configuration Manager. You can then select your terminal function code table from this drop-down list box. When the text box of the drop-down list box is empty, the default terminal function code table Vtxxx.key is used.

Data Transfer



Use DOS character set for upload/download

If this check box is selected, the DOS (OEM) character set is used in the following cases:

- for data to be uploaded in NCD format;
- for data to be downloaded to NCD format.

If this check box is not selected, the Windows ANSI character set is used.

When data are uploaded or downloaded using a dialog box, the character set that is defined here is used as a default in the dialog box. When a dialog box is not used (e.g. when a file name is specified using the SET command), the character set that is defined here is always used.

Keep trailing blanks at the end of downloaded records

Normally, Entire Connection does not write to disk trailing blanks at the end of downloaded records. However, if this check box is selected, the trailing blanks are also written to disk, thus creating fixed length records in NCD format.

Send a form feed to the printer after download

Normally, Entire Connection routes downloaded data to the printer transparently. However, if this check box is selected, a form feed is sent to the printer at the end of the download.

Form feed handling in NCD upload

When you upload an ASCII file containing the ASCII form feed character (x'12') from the PC to the host, this ASCII character is converted to an EBCDIC space character (x'40).

To convert the ASCII form feed character to something other than a space on the host, you must mark this check box and edit the translation table for the appropriate communication method. The defined form feed character will then be used.

Ignore leading form feed in download report

When you are downloading a report, an empty page precedes the report. However, if this check box is selected, this empty page is not generated.

Disable data transfer enhancements

If this check box is selected, the new field formats of Natural Version 4.1 for Mainframes and Natural Version 6.1 for UNIX (alphanumeric format greater than 253 and binary format greater than 126) are not supported. The format file (extension "ncf") is written in the same way as with Entire Connection Version 4.3.1 or earlier.

If this check box is not selected, the new field formats are supported and the format file is written in a new form. See Format Files in section Terminal Emulation for further information.

Use decimal symbol from the Windows Regional Settings

If this check box is selected, numbers are downloaded with the decimal symbol that has been defined in the Regional Settings of Windows.

Replace leading/trailing spaces in numerical fields by zero

If this check box is selected, all formats that can be defined in Natural and SAP R/2 (for example, <X.Y> where X means digits before the decimal symbol and Y means digits after the decimal symbol) appear as cells with a custom format in Excel. According to the field definition on the mainframe, the cell is filled with zeros to its maximum length.

Example

Definition: #field N<3.8>

Initialization: #field = 1.78

Content of Excel cell: 001.78000000

Character set encoding

When creating a new session, the character set "windows-1252" is used as the default.

Specify the encoding that is to be

- written to downloaded XML and HTML files,
- used by the XML parser to interpret XML files correctly during upload; if an encoding is not specified, the character set "windows-1252" is used.

For download, the encoding is written to the file exactly as it has been specified it in this text box (including all possible errors). The application that is used to open the downloaded file (for example, Internet Explorer or Excel) uses the defined character set for displaying the contents of the file. The contents of the file (letters, numbers, special characters) are not converted to another format. The encoding is written to the downloaded file as follows:

• XML

The encoding is written to the encoding declaration which is part of the XML text declaration. Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="windows-1252"?>
```

For further information on character encodings, see http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml#charencoding.

• HTML

```
The encoding is written to the META declaration. Example:

<meta http-equiv=Content-Type content="text/html;
charset=windows-1252">
```

For further information on character encodings, see http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/charset.html#h-5.2.

If an encoding is not specified, the character set "windows-1252" is written to the encoding declaration (XML) or META declaration (HTML) during download.

The following table lists some important character sets:

Character Set	Description
ISO-8859-1	ISO Latin 1
UTF-8	Unicode
windows-1250	Windows Central Europe
windows-1251	Windows Cyrillic
windows-1252	Windows Western Europe
windows-1253	Windows Greek
windows-1254	Windows Turkish
windows-1255	Windows Hebrew
windows-1256	Windows Arabic
windows-1257	Windows Baltic
windows-1258	Windows Vietnamese
windows-874	Windows Thai

Natural work file

Using this parameter you specify the value of the NATFILE variable. This variable can be used in a procedure file. Valid input is any integer from 1 through 32. The default is set in the system preferences.

For example, this parameter indicates the work file number used in the procedure file for the following modules (see also Transferring Natural Objects):

- SAR (Send and Run),
- USOURCB, USOURCE, USOURCT (Upload Source),
- DSOURCB, DSOURCE (Download Source),
- UOBJECT (Upload Object),
- DOBJECT (Download Object),
- UDDMB (Upload DDM),
- DDDMB, DDM (Download DDM), and
- for new INPL modules.

Procedure



Enable automatic logon

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection automatically executes the procedure file selected in the "Logon procedure" drop-down list box box when you start this host session.

Logon procedure

Select the procedure file containing the necessary keystrokes to begin a host session from this drop-down list box. If the "Enable automatic logon" check box is selected, the procedure file is executed the first time you invoke a function that requires a connection with the host.

Logon procedures must be in the procedure directory specified in the user properties. Entire Connection assumes the procedure file has the extension "ncp". This procedure file must be customized to work in your host environment.

Enable automatic logoff

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection automatically executes the procedure file selected in the "Logoff procedure" drop-down list box when you quit the terminal application. The logoff procedure is executed after your shutdown task, if you have one.

Logoff procedure

Select the procedure file containing the necessary keystrokes to end a host session from this drop-down list box. If the "Enable automatic logoff" check box is selected, the procedure file is executed when you quit the terminal application.

Logoff procedures must be in the procedure directory specified in the user properties. Entire Connection assumes the procedure file has the extension "ncp". This procedure file must be customized to work in your host environment.

Display all host screens while executing a procedure file

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection displays rows 1 through 24 of a host screen when executing a procedure file in terminal emulation mode. This parameter is useful for debugging procedure files.

Display status lines while executing a procedure file

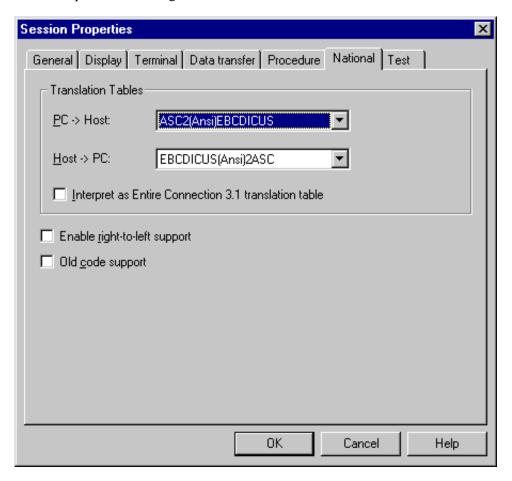
If this check box is selected, Entire Connection displays host processing messages in the status line of the terminal emulation screen (this is not the status line of the application window).

Maximum host response time

This parameter specifies the length of time Entire Connection will wait for a host response before canceling the processing of a procedure file. You can either specify seconds or minutes. Select the desired unit from the corresponding drop-down list box. The default is set in the system preferences.

National

Use these parameter settings to localize the terminal emulation behavior.



Translation Tables

Select the translation tables to be used for data transfer from the following drop-down list boxes:

• **PC** -> **Host**

Translation tables for PC-to-host transfer. The last two characters in the name indicate the language. For example, ASC2(Ansi)EBCDICUS is US English and ASC2(Ansi)EBCDICGR is German.

• **Host** -> **PC**

Translation tables for the host-to-PC transfer. The characters preceding "2ASC" indicate the language. For example, EBCDICUS(Ansi)2ASC is US English and EBCDICGR(Ansi)2ASC is German.

English and German default tables for the different session types:

Session Type	PC -> Host	Host -> PC
HLLAPI	ASC2HLLAPIUS ASC2HLLAPIGR	HLLAPIUS2ASC HLLAPIGR2ASC
BS2000	ASC2BS2US ASC2BS2GR	BS2US2ASC BS2GR2ASC
BS2000 TCP/IP	ASC2BS2TCPUS ASC2BS2TCPGR	BS2TCPUS2ASC BS2TCPGR2ASC
TN3270, NetWare for SAA, Microsoft SNA Server	ASC2(Ansi)EBCDICUS ASC2(Ansi)EBCDICGR	EBCDICUS(Ansi)2ASC EBCDICGR(Ansi)2ASC
Serial SAG-NPA	ASC2NPAUS ASC2NPAGR	NPAUS2ASC NPAGR2ASC
VT100 ProtConverter	ASC2VT7US ASC2VT7GR	VT7US2ASC VT7GR2ASC
VTxxx	ASC2VTXXUS ASC2VTXXGR	VTXXUS2ASC VTXXGR2ASC

Interpret as Entire Connection 3.1 translation table

If this check box is selected, the translation tables you have selected from the above drop-down list boxes are interpreted as Entire Connection Version 3.1 translation tables. This helps to facilitate the transition to the new version.

Enable right-to-left support

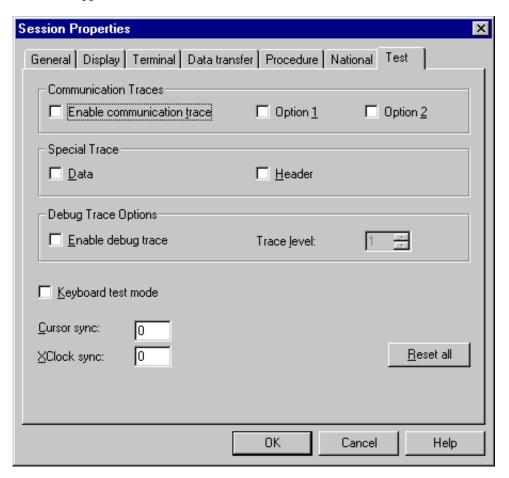
If this check box is selected, right-to-left mode is supported in terminal emulation.

Old code support

If this check box is selected, IBM's "Old Code" for Hebrew is supported in terminal emulation.

Test

These parameters are intended for problem analysis. They should be used only under supervision of your technical support.



Enable communication trace

Enables the communication trace for the selected session type. Output is written to a file named Mon*nn*.trc which is placed in the log/trace directory.

Option 1

Selects a trace option depending on the session type.

Option 2

Selects another trace option depending on the session type.

Data

Trace of the data layers.

Header

Trace for the header sections.

Enable debug trace

Select this check box, if you want to turn on a debug trace.

Trace level

When a debug trace has been enabled, you can specify a trace level. You can specify a value between 1 and 6. The higher the trace level, the more trace information is provided.

Keyboard test mode

Turns on a keyboard test mode that helps you to adapt new or local keyboard types. Keyboard raw data is displayed in the output window ("Messages" pane) of the terminal application window. It is not passed to the terminal emulation. For details, see the file Keyboard_us.kyb in the "tables" directory of Entire Connection.

Cursor sync

Specifies the loop counter to be used when checking the controller to see if Entire Connection and the mainframe are in sync with the location of the cursor on the screen.

XClock sync

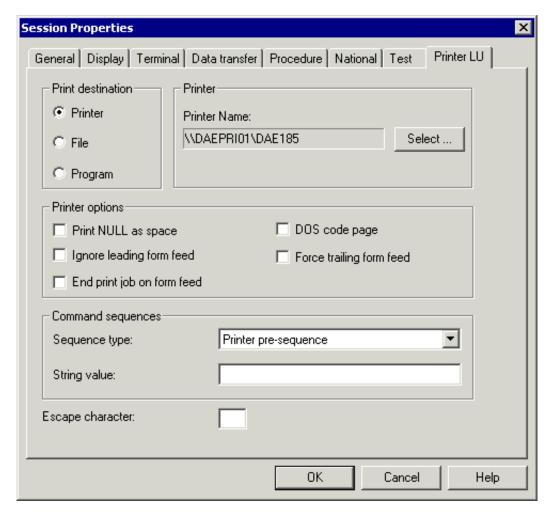
Specifies the loop counter to be used when checking/waiting for the keyboard lock condition after a function key has been sent to the host.

Reset all

When you choose this command button, all options on this property page are reset to their default values (i.e. switched off).

Printer LU

This property page is only shown when associated printing has been enabled in the communication parameters for a TN3270E display session. Make sure that "Printer" is defined as the print destination.



For further information on the options on this property page, see the description of the property page "Printer LU" in the section Host Printer Sessions.

Communication Parameters

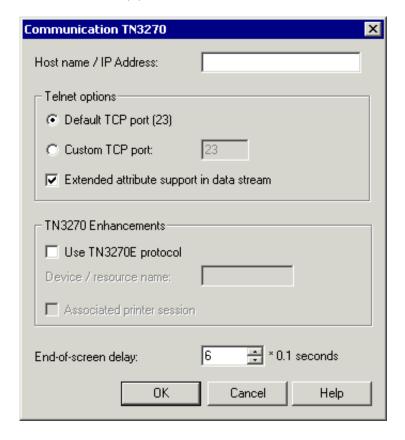
You can specify communication parameters for the following session types:

- TN3270(E) for Display Sessions
- TN3270E for Printer Sessions
- Telnet VTxxx
- BS2000
- BS2000 TCP/IP
- HLLAPI
- Serial, SAG-NPA
- Serial, VTxxx
- NetWare for SAA
- Microsoft SNA Server
- VT100 Protocol Converter

The "Communication" dialog boxes for the different session types appear when you choose the **Communication** button in the "Session Properties" dialog box or in the "Host Printer Session" dialog box.

TN3270(E) for Display Sessions

See also: TN3270(E) in the Installation section.



Host name / IP address

Specify the address of the host you want to communicate with. The TCP/IP address format is w.x.y.z, where w, x, y and z are numbers which can have 1 to 3 digits. Example: 23.218.4.90.

Alternatively, if you have a name server installed in your network, you can specify the name of the host to which you want to connect.

Default TCP port

Select this option button, if you want to use the default TCP port (23).

Custom TCP port

Select this option button, if you want to use another TCP port. Specify the desired port ID in the corresponding text box. The TCP/IP port ID must be the same as the Telnet port ID defined on the host.

Extended attribute support in data stream

If this check box selected, this session supports extended attribute bytes (EABs).

Use TN3270E protocol

If this check box selected, TN3270E is used for communication. A prerequisite is that the Telnet server is capable of processing TN3270E. Otherwise, the TN3270 protocol is used.

Device/resource name

Only available when the "Use TN3270E" check box is selected. Specify one of the following:

• Display LU name

When a display LU has been specified, it is used when the terminal application of Entire Connection tries to open a session. If this LU is already used, an error message is shown.

• Resource name

When a resource (e.g. an LU pool) has been specified, the terminal application of Entire Connection tries to open any LU from the specified LU pool.

When you specify a name, a "specific" session is created. Sessions that have been defined as specific on the Telnet server are only available for those sessions for which you have defined a display LU or resource name.

When you leave this text box empty, a "generic" session is created. In this case, any generic display LU of the Telnet server is used. A prerequisite is that at least one generic session has been defined on the Telnet server.

Associated printer session

Available to the administrator (default name: SYSTEM) when the "Use TN3270E" check box is selected. This check box is not available to other users (it is always dimmed in this case).

When this check box is selected, associated printing is enabled for this session. In this case, the "Session Properties" dialog box contains an additional property page: "Printer LU". See the description of this property page for further information.

When associated printing is enabled, a TN3270E printer session is automatically started when a display session is opened. The printer session uses the communication parameters that have been defined for the display session, i.e. host address (host name or IP address) and port. The display LU, which is returned when connecting to the display session on the Telnet server, is used to open a print LU. The print LU is opened using the ASSOCIATE command (see TN3270E for Printer Sessions). The actual association of printer sessions and display sessions must be configured on the Telnet server.

An associated printer session is automatically closed when the display session is closed.

This function is only available for TN3270E servers. When you attempt to use this function on a TN3270 server, an error message appears when the display session is opened.

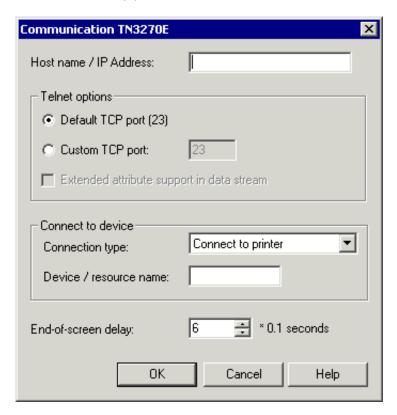
This function can only be used when "Host Printer LU Support" has been selected during installation. This feature can only be installed with the setup type "Custom". However, it is possible to install this feature at a later point in time. Host printer LU support cannot be installed under Windows 98 and Me.

End-of-screen delay

This option only applies to line mode. It determines the length of time in tenths of a second that Entire Connection will delay before assuming that the screen is complete (end-of-screen). Valid input ranges from 0 to 30. This timer is reset each time data is transmitted from the mainframe. It is used to detect a logical end-of-screen, since no physical data signals the end-of-screen.

TN3270E for Printer Sessions

See also: TN3270(E) in the Installation section.



The communication parameters for TN3270E for printer sessions are the same as for TN3270(E) for display sessions. With TN3270E for printer sessions, however, the "Use TN3270E protocol" check box is not available. The following drop-down list box is shown instead:

Connection type

Select one of the following:

• Connect to printer

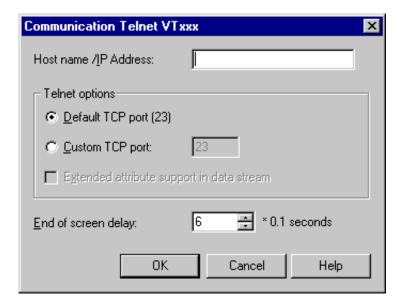
This option is also known as the CONNECT command. When you select this option, you can define a specific or generic session as described above for the "Device/resource name" text box for TN3270(E) for display sessions.

• Associate terminal device

This option is also known as the ASSOCIATE command. When you select this option, you must specify the name of a display LU in the "Device/resource name" text box. On the Telnet server, a printer LU must be associated with the display LU that you specify.

Telnet VTxxx

See also: Telnet VTxxx in the Installation section.



The communication parameters for Telnet VTxxx are the same as for TN3270(E) for display sessions. With Telnet VTxxx, however, the "Extended attribute support in data stream" check box and the "TN3270 Enhancements" group box are not available.

BS2000

See also: BS2000 in the Installation section.

Communication BS2000		×
9750 Application		
Path:		Browse
Session:	_	
End-of-screen delay:	6 * 0.1 seconds	
	OK Cancel	Help

Path

Choose the **Browse** button to invoke the "Open" dialog box. Select a vendor-supplied 9750 emulation application and choose the **Open** button. A list of host sessions is then available in the "session" drop-down list box.

Session

This drop-down list box is only available if the vendor's 9750 emulation supports multi-session. You can then select a session name. The session names in the drop-down list box are the names defined in the vendor's 9750 emulation. If you do not select a session, the default session will be used.

End-of-screen delay

This option only applies to unformatted screens. It determines the length of time in tenths of a second that Entire Connection will delay before assuming that the screen is complete (end-of-screen). Valid input ranges from 0 to 30. This timer is reset each time data is transmitted from the mainframe. It is used to detect a logical end-of-screen, since no physical data signals the end-of-screen.

BS2000 TCP/IP

See also: BS2000 TCP/IP in the Installation section.

Communication BS2000 TCP/IP		
Host name / IP address:		
Host TCP port:	102	
Station name:		
BS2000 application:	\$DIALOG	
End-of-screen delay:	6 * 0.1 seconds	
Use P-Key scheme:	My P-Keys	
0K	Cancel Help	

Host name / IP address

Specify the address of the host you want to communicate with. The TCP/IP address format is w.x.y.z, where w, x, y and z are numbers which can have 1 to 3 digits. Example: 23.218.4.90.

Alternatively, if you have a name server installed in your network, you can specify the name of the host to which you want to connect.

Host TCP port

Specify the desired port ID. The TCP/IP port ID must be the same as the port ID defined on the host.

Station name

If you do not specify a station name, Entire Connection automatically creates an internal name (e.g. STN1, STN2 etc.) when this session is opened. This is recommended if you want to establish several connections to the BS2000 host using the same host session.

Optional. You can also specify the name of the station which is used to connect to the host. The station name may include the following characters: A to Z, 0 to 9, \$, # and @. The first character must not be a number. The name can be up to 8 characters long. When you specify a station name, only one host session with this name can be active. If this host session is opened once more, the previously opened host session is automatically closed.

When using station names, you should create several host sessions with different station names.

BS2000 application

Specify the name of the application on the BS2000 host to which you want to connect. \$DIALOG is provided as the default name. The name can be up to 8 characters long. The connection will be established using an "open" command with no parameters.

If this field is empty, you are prompted for a BS2000 application name when you open the host session. You can then enter the "open" command followed by the application name (for example "o \$DIALOG"). This is helpful if you want to use different BS2000 applications.

End-of-screen delay

This option only applies to unformatted screens. It determines the length of time in tenths of a second that Entire Connection will delay before assuming that the screen is complete (end-of-screen). Valid input ranges from 0 to 30. This timer is reset each time data is transmitted from the mainframe. It is used to detect a logical end-of-screen, since no physical data signals the end-of-screen.

Use P-key scheme

When this check box is selected, you can select a P-key scheme from the drop-down list box. The drop-down list box provides for selection all currently defined P-key schemes. The selected scheme will then be used as the default P-key scheme for this session, i.e. when the session is opened, the contents of the P-keys is automatically loaded into the terminal application.

HLLAPI

See also: HLLAPI in the Installation section.

Communication HLLAPI	×
HLLAPI DLL	EAB Support
DLL name:	C None
	Normal ■
HLLAPI entry name:	C Special
Special Options	PSID
✓ Use SETCURSOR function ☐ OEM for receiving	Normal ■
SENDKEY function option DEM for sending	C NULL
Notification option	○ "E"
Session short name:	C Space
OK Cancel	Help

DLL name

The name of the third-party DLL providing the HLLAPI interface.

HLLAPI entry name

The name of the HLLAPI function in the third-party DLL.

EAB Support

Extended Attribute Byte support. Select the "None" option button if your particular configuration does not support EABs. Select the "Normal" or "Special" option button if it does.

Use SETCURSOR function

If this check box is selected, the cursor in Entire Connection is moved using the HLLAPI function SETCURSOR. Some HLLAPI stacks do not support this function.

SENDKEY function option

If this check box is selected, the HLLAPI function SENDKEY is used to pass characters to the interface. For some HLLAPI stacks, this gives better performance.

Notification option

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection tells the HLLAPI stack that notification messages have to be sent for updates on both the presentation space and the operation information area (OIA).

This option should only be used under the supervision of your local technical support. It serves to tolerate special HLLAPI stack implementations.

OEM for receiving

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection assumes characters from the interface are in the DOS (OEM) character set. If this check box is not selected, the Windows ANSI character set is used.

OEM for sending

If this check box is selected, Entire Connection converts characters to the DOS (OEM) character set before passing them to the interface. If this check box is not selected, the Windows ANSI character set is used.

Session short name

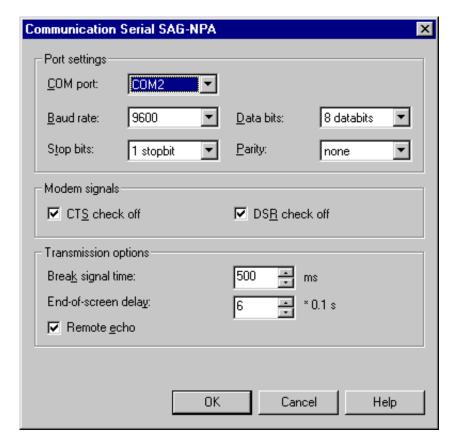
The short name (one character) of the session that is defined in the third-party emulation to be used. If you do not specify a short name, the first session that is found will be used.

PSID

Some HLLAPI vendors require a different Presentation Space ID (PSID) format.

Serial, SAG-NPA

See also: Serial, SAG-NPA in the Installation section.



COM port

The port to be used for serial communication. This value is determined by the physical configuration of your PC.

Baud rate

The baud rate to be used for serial communication. In most instances, this rate is determined by your modem.

Data bits

The number of data bits to be used for serial communication.

Stop bits

The number of stop bits to be used for serial communication.

Parity

The type of parity to be used for serial communication.

CTS check off

If this check box is marked, the check for the modem signal CTS (Clear to Send) is disabled.

DSR check off

If this check box is marked, the check for the modem signal DSR (Data Set Ready) is disabled.

Break signal time

The length of the break signal. This applies only to asynchronous operations. You can specify a value between 1 and 1000 milliseconds.

End-of-screen delay

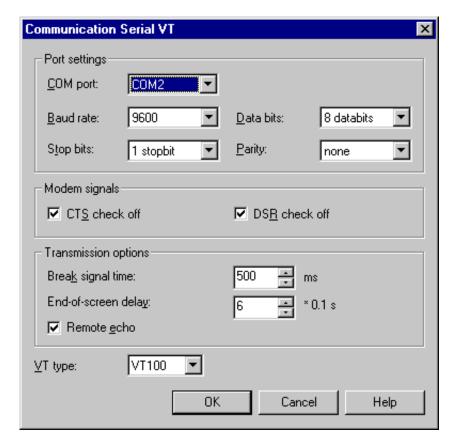
This option only applies to line mode. The length of time in in tenths of a second that Entire Connection will delay before assuming that the screen is complete (end-of-screen). Valid input ranges from 0 to 30. This timer is reset each time data is transmitted from the mainframe. It is used to detect a logical end-of-screen, since no physical data signals the end-of-screen.

Remote echo

If this check box is marked, it is assumed that the host sends back your input (echo). In this case, only the characters received by the host are displayed. If this check box is not marked, all keyboard input is immediately displayed.

Serial, VTxxx

See also: Serial, VTxxx in the Installation section.



The communication parameters for a serial VTxxx port are the same as for the serial SAG-NPA port. For VTxxx, however, an additional parameter applies:

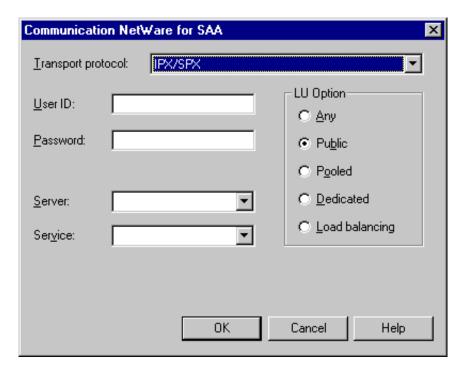
VT type

Specify the VT type for terminal emulation. This can be one of the following:

- VT100
- VT220
- VT320

NetWare for SAA

See also: NetWare for SAA in the Installation section.



Transport protocol

Select one of the following options from this drop-down list box: IPX/SPX or TCP/IP.

User ID

Enter the user name which is required to access the Novell server.

You can also enter an asterisk (*) if the user name that has been defined in the Windows environment is to be used. If you only have one configured session for many users (server installation) and view the active sessions on the SAA gateway, this has the advantage that not all users are shown with the same name.

Password

Enter the password, if necessary, to access the Novell server when SAA gateway security is active.

Server

The options shown in this drop-down list box depend on the transport protocol you have selected.

IPX/SPX

The drop-down list box lists all Novell servers in your network on which SAA gateway is running. You can either select a server or enter a name (max. 24 characters) in the text box of the drop-down list box.

If no driver is installed or if an error occurs during network access, the text box of this drop-down list box is empty.

• TCP/IP

Enter the TCP/IP address or server name in the text box of the drop-down list box.

Service

The options shown in this drop-down list box depend on the transport protocol you have selected.

The service name represents a profile which was configured on the NetWare for SAA server. This profile describes all parameters required for terminal emulation sessions or printer sessions (e.g. terminal type or LU option).

• IPX/SPX

The drop-down list box lists all services available on the selected server. You can either select a service or enter a name (max. 128 characters) in the text box of the drop-down list box. If the attach to the selected server fails or if a security violation occurs, the text box of this drop-down list box is empty.

• TCP/IP

Enter the required service in the text box of the drop-down list box.

LU Option

You must define the search criterion which determines which LU is to be used by the SAA gateway. The following option buttons are available:

Any

If you select this option button, the first LU found is used.

• Public

If you select this option button, the first LU found which is defined as "public" in SAA gateway is used.

Pooled

If you select this option button, you must enter the name of the pool in the resulting text box. The first LU found in the pool is used.

Dedicated

If you select this option button, you must enter the name of the LU in the resulting text box. The specified LU is used.

• Load balancing

Only available for IPX/SPX. If you select this option button, you must enter the name of the pool in the resulting text box. Novell NetWare then provides the requested service from the server that currently has the lightest load.

Microsoft SNA Server

See also: Microsoft SNA Server in the Installation section.



Configuration

Determines how the connection to the gateway is established. The following option buttons are available:

• Use server defaults

The sessions available to the user have been configured on the SNA server. In this case, no communication parameters need to be set here.

• Client-defined

The sessions available to the user are defined using the drop-down list boxes below.

LU type

Only available when the option button "Client-defined" is selected. Select one of the following LU types from this drop-down list box: LU or LUA.

Resource name

Only available when the option button "Client-defined" is selected. Depending on the selected LU type, the following applies:

• LU

Select the required resource from the drop-down list box. A list of all available resources (LUs and LU pools) is provided. The prerequisite is that the SNA client is installed on the PC.

LUA

Enter the LUA name or LUA pool name that is to be used in the text box of the drop-down list box. This name has been defined by the administrator of the Microsoft SNA Server.

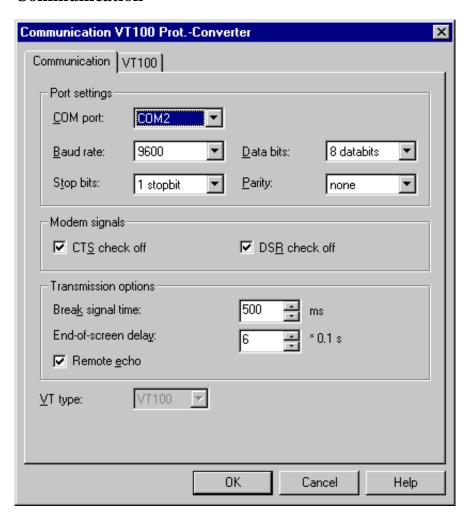
VT100 Prot.-Converter

The following property pages are provided:

- Communication
- VT100

See also: VT100 Protocol Converter in the Installation section.

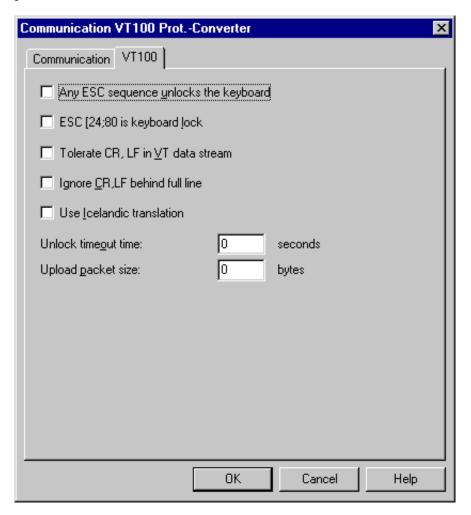
Communication



The communication parameters for a protocol converter are the same as for the other serial communication types. The VT type cannot be changed, it is hardcoded to VT100 here. Important parameters for the communication with the host are "End-of-screen delay" and "Remote echo".

VT100

This property page contains special parameters that can be used to control non-standard behavior of some protocol converters.



Any ESC sequence unlocks the keyboard

If this check box is not marked, a locked keyboard is unlocked when at least one character is received. If you mark this check box, it is also unlocked if only an escape sequence is received.

ESC [24;80 is keyboard lock

If you mark this check box, the escape sequence [24;80 locks the keyboard.

Tolerate CR,LF in VT data stream

Normally, full screen mode is terminated if CR,LF or LF,CR is encountered in the data stream. However, if you mark this check box, these pairs do not terminate full screen mode.

Ignore CR,LF behind full line

If you mark this check box, a new line is not generated if CR,LF is encountered behind a full line.

Use Icelandic translation

If you mark this check box, special translation is enabled for Icelandic language support.

Unlock timeout time

Specify the number of seconds after which the keyboard is unlocked, even if no data is received. Normally, the keyboard is only unlocked if data is received from the host. This corresponds to the value 0.

Upload packet size

Specify a value which limits the packet size during an upload operation. This may be useful if some components in the network do not have flow control. The maximum packet size to be uploaded is 1920 bytes. This corresponds to the value 0.

Color Schemes

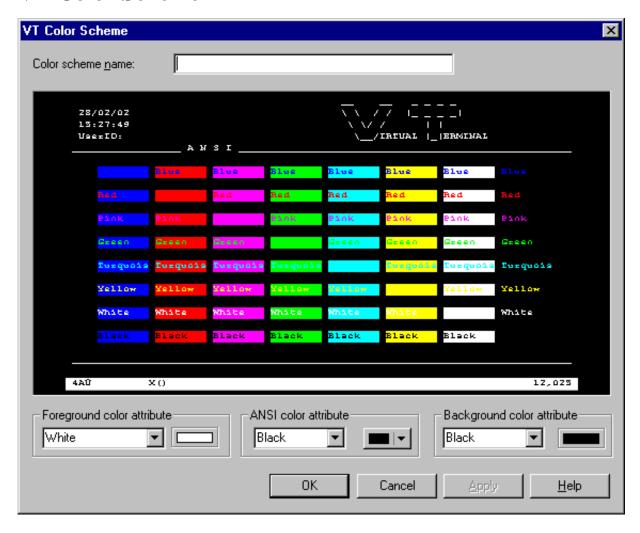
This section describes the dialog boxes for the following color schemes:

- VT Color Scheme
- Mainframe Color Scheme

These dialog boxes appear when you manage color schemes in the Configuration Manager, set up a color scheme in the session properties, or when you add, modify or duplicate a color scheme in the terminal application.

The color scheme name can be up to 32 characters long and may contain blanks. It can only be specified in these dialog boxes when adding a new color scheme using the Configuration Manager. Later, the name cannot be modified in these dialog boxes.

VT Color Scheme



When you move the mouse pointer over the sample screen that is shown in the "VT Color Scheme" dialog box, tooltips appear. The following applies for the ANSI color attributes: the name of the foreground color is shown on the left of the tooltip, and the name of the background color is shown on the right of the tooltip.

To define other colors

1. Select a text entry from the first drop-down list box in one of the following group boxes:

• Foreground color attribute

The foreground color for the terminal emulation screen. The VT terminal type 340+ uses this setting when starting the session and as long as no specific color commands are sent by the host. All other VT terminal types use this setting during the entire session.

• ANSI color attributes

When in Natural on the host the VT terminal type 340+ (color terminal) is set, the host can send color commands for the fore- and background. In this mode, eight color attributes are available. For each possible character position or cursor position, the host can set a fore- and background color. You can modify the colors belonging to the color attributes (see below).

• Background color attribute

The background color for the terminal emulation screen. The VT terminal type 340+ uses this setting when starting the session and as long as no specific color commands are sent by the host. All other VT terminal types use this setting during the entire session.

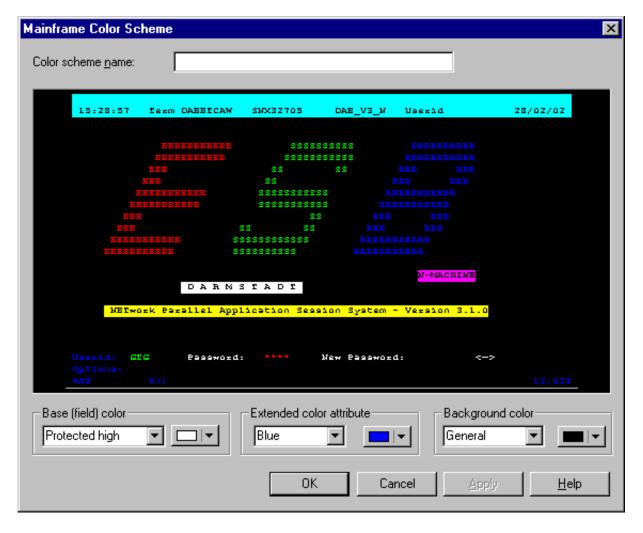
2. Select the desired color for an ANSI color attribute from the corresponding drop-down list box to the right.

This drop-down list box also provides the following buttons:

- Other: lets you define additional colors.
- **Default**: resets the modified color palette to the default colors.
- 3. Repeat the above steps until all desired colors have been defined.

 The "VT Color Scheme" dialog box always reflects the current color settings.
- 4. Optional choose the **Apply** button to save the current color settings without closing the dialog box.
- 5. Choose the **OK** button.

Mainframe Color Scheme



When you move the mouse pointer over the sample screen that is shown in the "Mainframe Color Scheme" dialog box, tooltips appear. The name of the base (field) color or extended color attribute is shown on the left of the tooltip. The name of the background color is shown on the right of the tooltip.

To define other colors

- 1. Select a text entry from the first drop-down list box in one of the following group boxes:
 - Base (field) color

The colors for the different field types in a terminal emulation screen.

• Extended color attribute

The extended colors sent by the host application. For example, you can specify that all fields with the extended color attribute "Green" are to appear blue in the terminal emulation screen.

• Background color

The background colors for specific field types. The background color underlays text. If the field contains no text, the field area is colored with the background color.

2. Select the desired color from the corresponding drop-down list box to the right.

This drop-down list box also provides the following buttons:

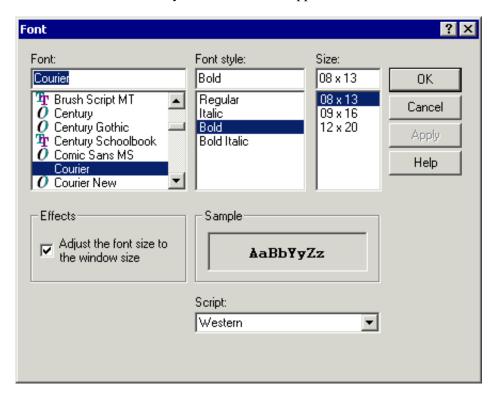
- Other: lets you define additional colors.
- **Default**: resets the modified color palette to the default colors.
- 3. Repeat the above steps until all desired colors have been defined.

 The "Mainframe Color Scheme" dialog box always reflects the current color settings.
- 4. Optional choose the **Apply** button to save the current color settings without closing the dialog box.
- 5. Choose the **OK** button.

Fonts

The "Font" dialog box lets you define the font that is to be used for terminal emulation.

This dialog box appears when you choose the **Select Font** button in the "Session Properties" dialog box. It can also be invoked directly from the terminal application.



Font / Font style / Size / Script

All installed monospaced fixed fonts and TrueType (scalable) fonts are provided. Select the desired font from these controls.

Sizes can only be specified for monospace fonts. When you select a monospace font, it is only possible to specify a size that is listed the drop-down list box. When you specify another size manually in the text box, this size will not be used.

When you select a TrueType font, it is not possible to specify a size since these types of font are always adjusted to the window size (see below).

Adjust the font size to the window size

This feature applies to raster fonts only. For TrueType fonts, automatic resizing is always enabled.

Select this check box to adjust the size of the selected font to the window size. Adjusting the font size is done by increasing or reducing the spacing between characters and lines. This may result in truncated characters.

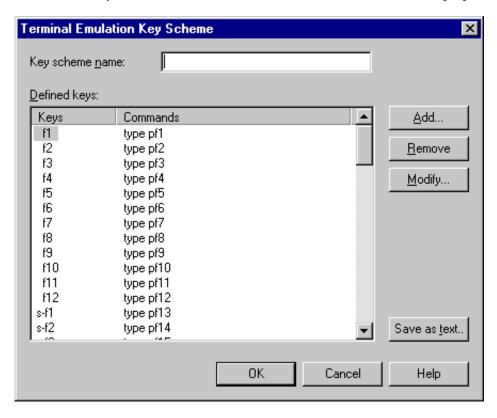
Key Schemes

This section provides the following information:

- Defining a Key Scheme
- Writing the Key Definitions to a File
- Terminal Emulation Keys
- Processing of Keyboard Input

Defining a Key Scheme

The "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box lets you define the keys to be used for a specific key scheme. The key scheme to be used in a session is defined in the session properties.



The following table explains the abbreviations that are used in this dialog box. For example, the abbreviation "a-b" stands for the key combination ALT+B.

Abbrev.	represents the following key
a-	ALT
c-	CTRL
f-	Function key
gray-	Gray key
n-	Key on numeric keypad
s-	SHIFT



Warning:

The shortcut keys that are displayed next to a menu command in the terminal application (e.g. CTRL+V for pasting text) are not available when the active key scheme uses them for different purposes.

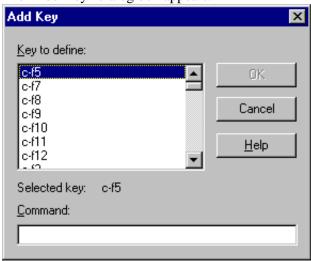
The "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box provides the following command buttons (in addition to the standard command buttons):

Add	Add a key to the key scheme.
Remove	Remove the selected key.
Modify	Modify the key definition for the selected key.
Save as text	Write the current key definitions to a file.

To define a key scheme

- 1. When you create a new key scheme, specify a name in the "Key scheme name" text box. The name can be up to 32 characters long and may contain blanks. When you modify a key scheme, this text box cannot be modified.
- 2. Choose the **Add** button.

The "Add Key" dialog box appears.



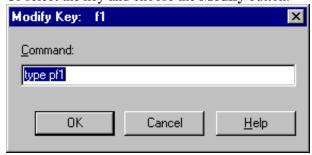
- 3. In the "Key to define" list box, select the key to be added.
- 4. In the "Command" text box, enter the command you want to assign to the selected key. For example:

Command	Description
EXECTASK DDM	Executes the task DDM.
EXECUTE LOGOFF	Executes the procedure file Logoff.ncp.
TYPE 'SAAAA' CR	Sends the characters SAAAA and CR (ENTER) to the host.

5. Choose the **OK** button.

The key is now added to the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box.

- 6. Optionally: choose the **Remove** button to remove the selected key from the key scheme. A dialog box appears, asking whether you want to remove the key.
- 7. Optionally: double-click a key to modify the command in a dialog box. Or select the key and choose the **Modify** button.



8. In the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box, choose the **OK** button to save the key scheme.

Writing the Key Definitions to a File

You can write the key definitions for the currently shown key scheme to a file from which you can print them.

To write the key definitions to a file

- 1. In the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box, choose the **Save as text** button. The "Save As" dialog box appears.
- 2. Specify a file name.
 The default extension is "txt".
- 3. Choose the **Save** button.

The commands assigned to each key are written to the specified file.

Terminal Emulation Keys

A distinction is made between terminal function keys and physical function keys:

• Terminal Function Keys

This terms refers to all keys that start a terminal function. Different host systems have different terminal functions and associated keys. Examples for IBM 3270 hosts: PF1, PF2, ATTN, PA1. Examples for Siemens hosts: F1, K1, FKT1, DUE1.

The code sequence eventually sent to the host for a given terminal function key is taken from the terminal function code table. The share file contains terminal function code tables for all communication methods. The administrator can modify the terminal function code tables.

• Physical Function Keys

This terms refers to all keys on the physical keyboard that can be used as function keys. Examples: F1, F2, CTRL+F3, CTRL+A, ALT+B. Entire Connection has a unique name for each function key.

Terminal Function Keys

Some terminal function key names are found on all host systems, others are specific to a given host system. Entire Connection supports the following:

- 3270 Function Key Names
- 9750 Function Key Names
- VT Function Key Names

3270 Function Key Names

The following key names can be used with the TYPE command to transmit the corresponding 3270 key to the host:

ATTN	DOWN	LEFT	RIGHT
BACKSPACE	EEOF	NEWLINE	SYSREQ
BACKTAB	ERASEINP	PA1 to PA3	TAB
CLEAR	HOME	PF1 to PF24	TEST
CR	IDENT	POR	UP
DELETE	INSERT	PRINT	
DEVCNCL	JUMP	RESET	

If any of the following key names is used with the TYPE command, Entire Connection will automatically wait for a response from the host before continuing:

- ATTN
- CLEAR
- CR
- POR
- PA1 to PA3
- PF1 to PF24

9750 Function Key Names

The following key names can be used with the TYPE command to transmit the corresponding 9750 key to the Siemens BS2000 host:

AFG	FKT1 to FKT24	P1 to P20	SMU
AFZ	K1 to K14	RU	SNZ
DUE1	LSP	SBA	SZA
DUE2	LVD	SDZ	TABL
EFG	LZE	SML	TABR
EFZ	LZF	SMO	
ENDM	MAR	SMR	

VT Function Key Names

The following key names can be used with the TYPE command to transmit the corresponding VT-type key to the host:

AKEY1 to AKEY15
CTRL_A to CTRL_Z

Physical Function Keys

Physical function keys are all keys and key combinations that can be used as function keys by Entire Connection. In the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box, you can assign the following to a function key:

- a command
- a command string
- an emulation key
- a combination of the above possibilities.

When the function key is pressed, the assigned action is executed.

All physical function keys have symbolic names in Entire Connection. These symbolic names are displayed in the "Terminal Emulation Key Scheme" dialog box and can be used with the commands TYPE and SET TEKEY in a procedure file.

Note that the "Key to define" list box in the "Add Key" dialog box contains more symbolic names than illustrated in the tables below (for example, "xf1"). These symbols can be used with keyboard types that have more keys. See the file Keyboard_us.kyb in the "tables" folder of Entire Connection for details.

The following table lists the Entire Connection physical function keys and indicates the combinations in which these keys can be used.

Key	single key	SHIFT	CTRL	ALT
A through Z			X	X
BACKTAB		X		
BKSPC			X	X
CENTER	X		X	
CR	X		X	X
CR	X		X	X
DELBACK	X			
DELETE	X		X	
DOWN	X		X	
END	X		X	
ESC	X			X
F1 to F12	X	X	X	X
HOME	X		X	
INSERT	X		X	
LEFT	X		X	
PGDN	X		X	
PGUP	X		X	

Key	single key	SHIFT	CTRL	ALT
PRTSC			X	
RIGHT	X		X	
TAB	X		X	
UP	X		X	
0 to 9				X
2 and 6			X	
n-0 to n	X			
GRAY *	X		X	X
GRAY /	X		X	X
\			X	X
[X	X
]			X	X
-			X	X
GRAY -	X		X	X
=				X
GRAY +	X			X
;				X
,				X
				X
QUOTE				X

Note:

The names "n-0" to "n-." represent the keys on the numeric keypad. You can also transmit these keys by pressing NUM.

Additional key support for IBM 101 enhanced keyboards:

Key	single key	SHIFT	CTRL	ALT
DELETE (gray)	X			
DOWN (gray)	X			
END (gray)	X			
HOME (gray)	X			
INSERT (gray)	X			
LEFT (gray)	X			
PGDN (gray)	X			
PGUP (gray)	X			
RIGHT (gray)	X			
UP (gray)	X			

Processing of Keyboard Input

When you press a function key, the following occurs:

- 1. Entire Connection takes the keyboard code received from the Windows operating system and scans the physical keyboard table for the name of the physical function key.
- 2. If the name of the physical function key is found, Entire Connection checks the keys that have been defined for terminal emulation. If the function key is not assigned, the key is passed to Windows for further processing. If the function key is assigned, the key definition is passed to the communication modules.
- 3. The communication modules parse the key definition. The key definition may consist of several elements, including the name of a terminal function. For example:

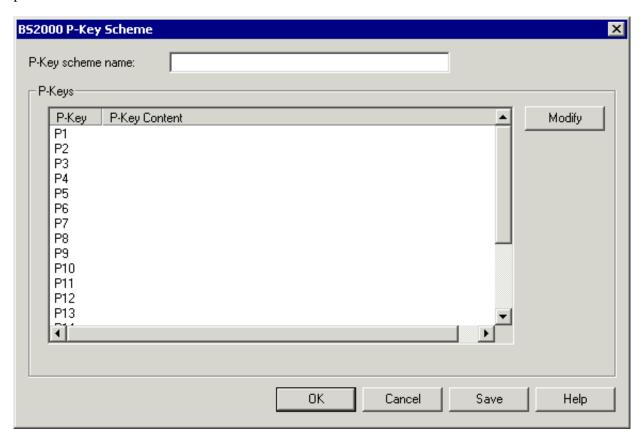
 TYPE 'username' CR
- 4. If the key definition contains the name of a terminal function (CR in the above example), Entire Connection scans the current terminal function code table for the code sequence of this terminal function, and passes the code to the host.

BS2000 P-Key Schemes

P-keys (programmable keys) are only available for sessions of type BS2000 TCP/IP.

The "BS2000 P-Key Scheme" dialog box appears when you manage P-key schemes in the Configuration Manager, or when you add, modify or duplicate a P-key scheme in the terminal application.

The "BS2000 P-Key Scheme" dialog box lets you define the contents for the P-keys (P1 through P20) to be used for a specific BS2000 P-key scheme. The default P-key scheme is defined in the communication parameters of a BS2000 TCP/IP host session.



The P-key scheme name can be up to 16 characters long and may contain blanks. It can only be specified in this dialog box when adding a new P-key scheme using the Configuration Manager. Later, the name cannot be modified in this dialog box.

The "BS2000 P-Key Scheme" dialog box provides the following command buttons (in addition to the standard command buttons):

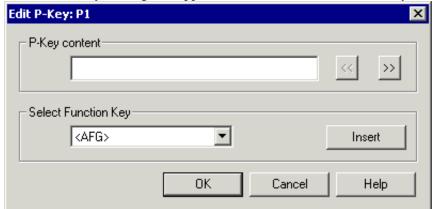
Modify	Modify the content for the selected P-key.
Save	Write the current P-key content to the share file. The dialog box is not closed.
	Terminal application: The content of the P-key scheme with the name "Currently defined P-keys", which is only shown in the terminal application, is not written to the share file. It is temporarily loaded into the current session.

To modify the P-key content

1. Select the desired P-key and choose the **Modify** button.

Or double-click the desired P-key.

The "Edit P-Key" dialog box appears. The name of the current P-key is indicated in the title bar.



- 2. Add one of the following to the "P-key content" text box:
 - a command string, or
 - a 9750 terminal function (see Terminal Function Keys), or
 - a mixture of both.

You can either enter the string for the terminal function in the "P-key content" text box, or you can select it from the "Select Function Key" drop-down list box. The "Select Function Key" drop-down list box contains only the most important and most frequently-used 9750 function codes. All other codes have to be entered in the "P-key content" text box, enclosed in brackets. If a code has more than 6 characters (including the brackets), it is treated as pure text.

The P-key content can be up to 500 characters long.

The following command buttons are provided (in addition to the standard command buttons):

<<	Go to the previous P-key. The content of the "P-key content" text box is validated. If this is not a valid command sequence for a P-key, a message appears and you have to correct your input before you can go to the previous key.
>>	Go to the next P-key. The content of the "P-key content" text box is validated. If this is not a valid command sequence for a P-key, a message appears and you have to correct your input before you can go to the next key.
Insert	Insert the selected function key in the "P-key content" text box, at the position of the insertion point.

3. Choose the **OK** button.

The content of the "P-key content" text box is validated. If this is not a valid command sequence for a P-key, a message appears and you have to correct your input.

When your input is valid, the dialog box is closed. The currently defined P-key contents are then shown in the "BS2000 P-Key Scheme" dialog box.

4. In the "BS2000 P-Key Scheme" dialog box, choose the **OK** button to write the current P-key content to the share file (does not apply to the P-key scheme with the name "Currently defined P-keys" which is only shown in the terminal application) and to close the dialog box.

Host Printer Sessions

The "Host Printer Session" dialog box contains all parameters necessary to handle data which Entire Connection receives from a printer LU. It provides the following property pages:

- General
- Printer LU
- National
- Test

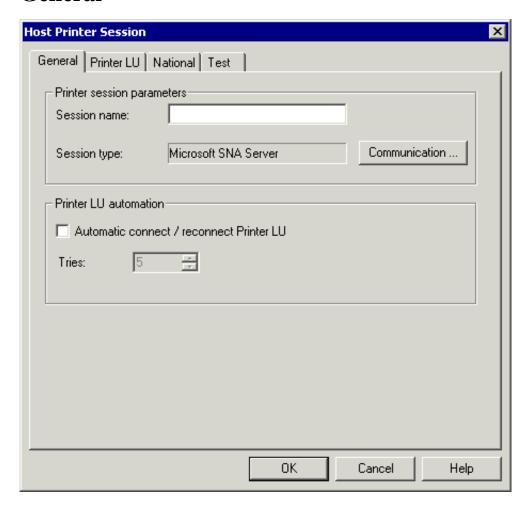
These property pages show the same information for all types of printer LU that you can define:

- NetWare for SAA
- Microsoft SNA Server
- TN3270E

The "Host Printer Session" dialog box is only available to the administrator.

For further information, see the description of the Host Printer Manager.

General



Session name

The name can be up to 32 characters long and may contain blanks. It is only possible to specify a session name, when you are currently adding a new session to the share file. Later, this text box does not allow modifications. It is not possible to define identical names for printer sessions and display sessions; an error message will appear in this case.

Session type

Displays the defined session type. To display the "Communication" dialog box for one of the following session types, choose the **Communication** button.

- NetWare for SAA
- Microsoft SNA Server
- TN3270E

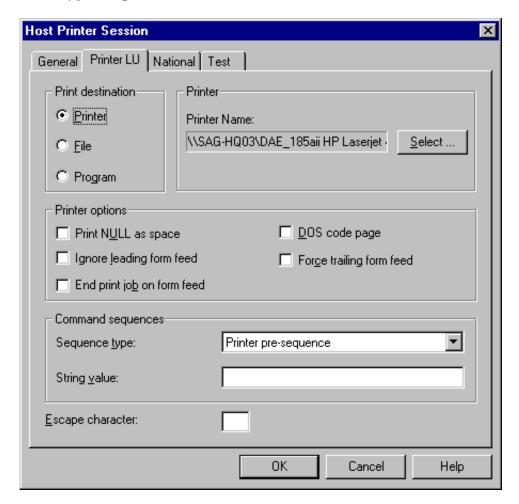
Automatic connect / reconnect printer LU

Select this check box, if the connection to the printer LU on the mainframe is to be established automatically (during startup of the host printer service) for the configured printer session.

Tries

If the connection to the host cannot be established, the number in this spin box determines how often Entire Connection tries to reconnect to the printer LU (in intervals of 5 minutes).

Printer LU



Print destination

Select one of the following option buttons:

• Printer

Your print data are temporarily buffered in the log/trace directory. The name of the resulting file is Prnt*nn*.pcc where *nn* is a number starting with 00 and being incremented by one. For successful processing at least 10 MB of free disk space are required.

When the host print process is completed, the data from the temporary file are printed on the specified printer (see below). After successful printing, the temporary file is automatically deleted.

• File

Your print data are routed to a print queue which is a directory on a disk (see below). The name of the resulting file is Prntnn.ecl where nn is a number starting with 00 and being incremented by one. After this, Entire Connection has no more control over the print job and the files in the queue. A print application (for example, Software AG's PrintStation) checks whether there are files in this queue and prints them. It is the print application's responsibility to delete the files after they have been printed.

Program

Your print data are buffered in the log/trace directory. The name of the resulting file is Prntnn.pcc where nn is a number starting with 00 and being incremented by one.

When the host print process is completed, the user program (see below) is automatically started. The

name of the print file as well as drive and directory in which it is stored are passed to the user program as parameters. It is the user program's responsibility to delete the file after it has been processed. This allows you, for example, to print via FTP.

Printer / Directory / Program

The label of this group box changes according to the selected print destination. It shows one of the following text boxes:

• Printer Name

When you choose the option button "Printer", you must specify the printer name. You can also choose the **Select** button to select the printer from a list.

• Directory Name

When you choose the option button "File", you must specify the name of the print queue which is a directory on a disk.

• Program Name

When you choose the option button "Program", you must specify the path and name of the user program. You can also choose the **Browse** button to locate the user program.

Print NULL as space

When this check box is marked, binary NULL is mapped to blanks in print data.

Ignore leading form feed

When this check box is marked, Entire Connection ignores a form feed at the start of the print job.

DOS code page

When this check box is marked, print data is translated from the Windows ANSI character set to the DOS (OEM) character set. This is important, for example, for German umlauts when a printer font is used which uses the DOS character set.

Force trailing form feed

When this check box is marked and the print file does not contain a form feed at its end, Entire Connection forces a form feed at the end of the print job.

End print job on form feed

Some host applications do not terminate the print session (i.e. they do not send an unbind). In this case, the data received from the host are not sent to the printer since Entire Connections keeps waiting for the end of the print session. If this check box is marked, the print data received from the host are sent to the printer (i.e. the print job is submitted) whenever a form feed is found at the end of a received data block.

Command sequences

Select one of the following options from the "Sequence type" drop-down list box and specify the corresponding value in the "String value" text box.

• Printer pre-sequence

This only applies to the to the print destination "Printer".

When you specify a printer pre-sequence in the "String value" text box, you can define specific printer settings. The sequence is sent to the printer before a print job starts. It may be up to 259 characters long.

• Printer post-sequence

This only applies to the to the print destination "Printer".

When you specify a printer post-sequence in the "String value" text box, you can define specific printer settings. The sequence is sent to the printer after the print job has completed. It may be up to 259 characters long.

• Transparent start / stop

You can specify the start and stop sequences that have been defined on the host in order to indicate the beginning and the end of a transparent block. Each sequence may be up to 47 characters long. You can either define a start sequence or both start and stop sequence. When you receive data from the host, the following applies:

Only a start sequence has been defined

The pair of characters that follows the specified start sequence is interpreted as the hexadecimal representation of an ASCII character.

For example: "(!" was defined as the start sequence and "(!1B" is received from the host. In this case, the hexadecimal byte 1B (ESC) is sent to the printer.

O Both start and stop sequence have been defined

Each pair of characters between the start and stop sequence is interpreted as the hexadecimal representation of an ASCII character.

For example: "(!" was defined as the start sequence and ")" as the stop sequence. "(!1B2C3A)" is received from the host. In this case, the hexadecimal bytes 1B (ESC), 2C and 3A are sent to the printer.

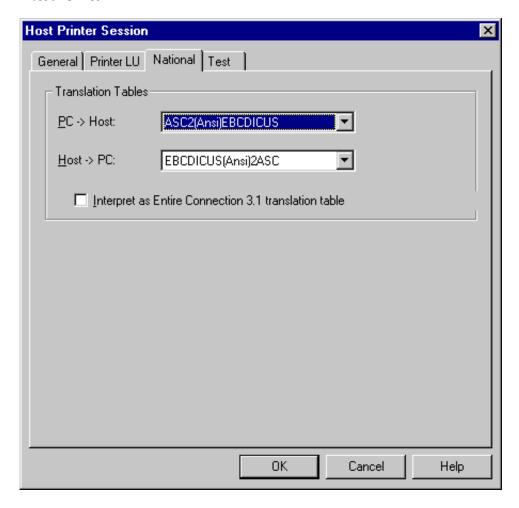
Escape character

This text box only appears when the print destination "Printer" is selected.

Since the hexadecimal printer escape character 1B cannot be transmitted by IBM hardware, you must specify a printable character which maps the escape character. Entire Connection scans the whole data buffer for the character you specify in this text box. When the character is found, it is translated to the hexadecimal character 1B (ESC).

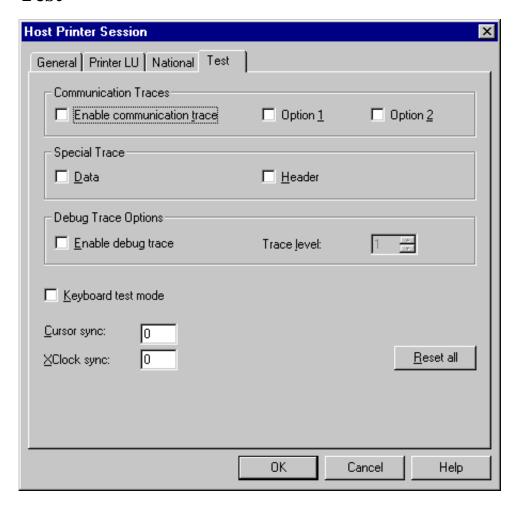
When you specify a start sequence **and** a printer escape character, Entire Connection first checks for the start sequence and then for the defined escape character.

National



See the description of the "National" property page of the session properties.

Test



See the description of the "Test" property page of the session properties.

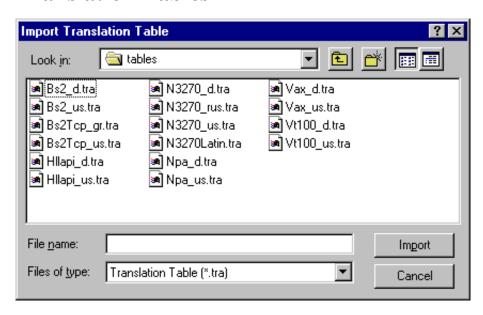
Tables

This section provides the following information:

- Translation Tables
- Physical Keyboard Tables
- Terminal Function Code Tables

These object types are only available to the administrator.

Translation Tables



English and German translation tables are supplied as text files in the "tables" folder of Entire Connection. The name of each file containing the translation tables describes the type of communication. The name is followed by a country indicator (for example, "us" or "d"). Translation tables are identified by the extension "tra". A comment in the top section of each file gives information about its contents.

In a file, there can be two translation tables, one for sending and one for receiving. For example, the file N3270_d.tra contains the two German translation tables - ASC2(Ansi)EBCDICGR and EBCDICGR(Ansi)2ASC - which can be used for EBCDIC-type communication with TN3270. The definitions for each translation table are located directly below the name of the corresponding table.

The following conventions are used for translation table names:

- ASC2<hostcharacterset><language> Used to translate data from the PC (Windows ANSI) character set to the host character set.
- <hostcharacterset><language>2ASC
 Used to translate data from host character set to the PC (Windows ANSI) character set.

hostcharacterset and language should be meaningful names. ASC2 or 2ASC as part of the name is interpreted as a keyword.



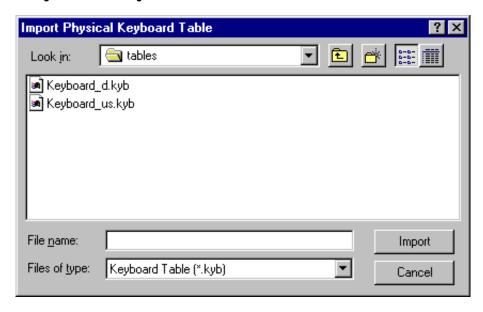
In the Configuration Manager, the translation tables are only shown in the list of defined tables, when they begin with ASC2 or end with 2ASC.

To import the translation tables, select the corresponding file in the "Import Translation Table" dialog box and choose the **Import** button. If a table already exists, you are asked if you want to replace it. If no errors are found, the names of these tables appear in the list of defined translation tables.

All modifications of existing objects take effect after the host session is restarted.

See the section About the Object Types for further information on translation tables.

Physical Keyboard Tables



German and English keyboard tables are supplied in the "tables" folder of Entire Connection. The file name is "Keyboard" followed by the country code (either "us" or "d"). Physical keyboard tables are identified by the extension "kyb".

This feature is intended for experienced users or for use under the direction of your technical support.

If you have a non-standard PC keyboard (for example a 3270 keyboard) or want to change to a different language keyboard layout, you can modify the keyboard tables and then read them into the share file. Use one of the following keyboard tables as a template:

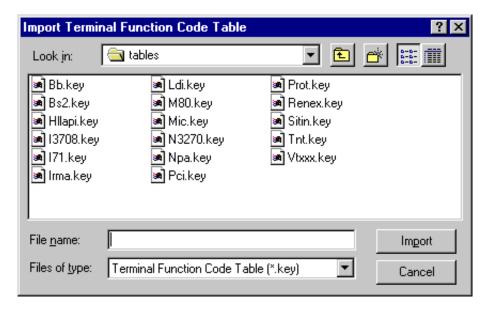
- Keyboard_us.kyb (default for US English)
 This file contains extensive technical documentation of what must be done.
- Keyboard d.kyb (default for German)

To import a physical keyboard table, select the corresponding file in the "Import Physical Keyboard Table" dialog box and choose the **Import** button. If the table already exists, you are asked if you want to replace it. If no errors are found, the name of the table appears in the list of defined physical keyboard tables.

All modifications of existing objects take effect after the terminal application is restarted.

See the section About the Object Types for further information on physical keyboard tables.

Terminal Function Code Tables



Predefined source files for all kinds of function are supplied in the "tables" folder of Entire Connection. The name of each file describes the type of communication. Terminal function code tables are identified by the extension "key". You should only modify these files under the direction of your technical support.

To import a terminal function code table, select the corresponding file in the "Import Terminal Function Code Table" dialog box and choose the **Import** button. If the table already exists, you are asked if you want to replace it. If no errors are found, the name of the table appears in the list of defined terminal function code tables.

All modifications of existing objects take effect after the terminal application is restarted.

See the section About the Object Types for further information on terminal function code tables.